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Fine Job Work.

DEVOTED TO THE INTERESTS OF ALL THE PEOPLE OF OHIO COUNTY

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No. 7

POPE'S PLANS FOR PEACE DON'T TAKE

U. S. IN FULL ACCORD WITH ALLIES IN ALL WAR MATTERS.

EFFECT OF PROPOSALS

May Cause Restatement of Aims of Those Fighting for World's Freedom.

Washington, Aug. 15.—Pope Benedict's peace proposal had not been received today by the government, but Secretary Lansing said the summary as published by the Associated Press was substantially in accord with the unofficial outline he has before him.

There is no change in the first impression, that the allies certainly will reject the proposal in its present form and probably refuse to consider it at all. There is a growing probability that in making clear to the world their refusal they will restate their war aims.

Declining to discuss the war aims of the allies on the ground that they might change frequently, Mr. Lansing said there had been no alteration in the aims or plans of the United States since his speech at Madison Barracks. Mr. Lansing declined to say whether there had been any agreement with the allies regarding the aims of the war, but intimated that all were in accord.

The London View.

London, Aug. 15.—Some of the morning newspapers refrain from commenting on the Pope's peace proposals, while those which notice them editorially base their genesis to Austria, and either reject absolutely or indicate the belief that the text when received will show them to be unacceptable. The Daily News which, although a firm supporter of the allies' aims, has a decided pacifist leaning, says that whatever reasons which hitherto restrained the Pope from coming forward as an official champion of peace, the long delay has materially impaired the advantages the Vatican originally possessed for disinterested intervention.

"It is not our business to pass judgment upon a policy which exhausted itself in impotent sighs over the iniquities perpetrated in Belgium and imagined it possible to extinguish the world conflagration by a succession of timid intrigues. * * * The fact is—whether it is reasonable to blame Benedict and his advisers therefor is another matter—considerations of temporal and secular interest having so long stayed his hands, it is impossible to accept the Pope's intervention now as dictated purely by the desire which animates all good and all sincerely religious men to end a horror which is destroying Europe.

On Their Merits.

"The Pope's proposals must be examined on the merits as strictly as if made by Chancellor Michaelis, President Wilson or Lloyd George."

The Daily News thinks it fairly clear that the Pope's appeal was really inspired by Austria, but maintains that if His Holiness can really persuade the belligerents to state their conditions in concrete terms he will confer a very great, if belated, blessing on mankind, and if he can further persuade Germany to declare its willingness to restore the independence of Belgium, Serbia and Rumania and withdraw from other invaded territories the door to peace will be open and a blank refusal by the allies to negotiate on such a basis would be almost unthinkable.

Impossible.

The Daily Mail does not comment editorially, but in an introduction in its news column says the Pope's proposals are impossible and that the scheme is really Austro-German.

The Chronicle refers to the traditional intimacy of Austria and the Vatican and the Austrian court's intense desire for peace and adds: "The fact that the proposal comes immediately after expulsion of Russians from Galicia and Bukovina will not escape anybody who is in the habit of putting two and two together. We may assume that the Pope acted at Austria's prompting. In any case the allies will have to refuse. No other course is open to them."

The Times, while suspending final

judgment until the text is available, says the proposals as described in the telegraph summaries are utterly inadmissible by the allies. It expresses astonishment at the Vatican's alleged hope that the document will be favorably received and lead to the not distant end of the war.

A Foolish Hope.

"To cherish any hope of this," says the paper, "betrays a complete ignorance of opinion of all the entente countries and the United States. They have all stated plainly, emphatically and repeatedly, the only terms whereon they are prepared to consider peace. These terms are quite incompatible with the telegraphed version of the Vatican's proposals, and there is not the slightest prospect that the allies will renounce or abate them. The whole tenor of the document bears the marks of German inspection."

The Post, expressing similar views, says: "To listen to a compromise before a guarantee is served against a repetition of the ordeal through which civilization is passing is to betray all sacrifice and suffering that have been endured. If the Vatican really is optimistic about the reception of its proposals the Vatican shows that it is entirely out of touch with the sentiment of the allies."

The Post, taking it for granted that the proposals are instigated by Germany, and remarking that they decided in advance on anything Germany has hitherto been disposed to discuss, attributes her anxiety for an immediate negotiated peace to a realization that the continuance of the war will give her much less than such a negotiated peace, because she will have to face with depleted resources the full weight of a new enemy, the American republic, and adds that Germany affected to believe the U. S. as a belligerent did not count, but that illusion has already been shattered.

Will Require Rejection.

Washington, Aug. 15.—Administration officials today awaited the official text of Pope Benedict's peace proposals before giving any intimation of the nature of the reply to be given the Vatican. That the peace offer will require an answer is readily acknowledged by officials, but it is believed that the interests of the allies will require a rejection. It is virtually certain that the proposals cannot be accepted in their present form.

The communication from Rome probably will be transmitted to the State Department through the Papal delegate here or the Spanish or Swiss legations. The answer involves a delicate task for the belligerents, because the proposals offer to a war-weary world a hope for the restoration of peace.

The first appraisal of officials and diplomats was that the offer was merely another attempt by Germany to bring an end to the war. The impression was general that the imperial government used Austria, because of the latter's close relation to the Vatican, to influence a new peace offer. There is no disposition to question the good faith of Rome, although the Roman Catholic elements have been most prominent in the recent peace agitation in Berlin and Vienna.

MARKET REPORTS.

Hogs—Active and steady, 210 pounds and up, \$17.50 to \$17.65; 165 to 210 pounds, \$17.35; 120 to 165 pounds, \$16.60; pigs, \$13.35 to \$14.60; roughs, \$15.95 down.

Cattle—Best 1020 pound steers, \$9.00; best 810 pound, \$8.90, with prices ranging down to \$6.75, for 650 to 700 pound stuff, bulls ranging in weight from 720 to 1,120, \$6.00 to \$7.25, heifers from 530 to 720 pounds \$6.25 to \$8.50. Good demand for high grade feeders and stockers.

Calves—Market steady best grades \$11.25 to \$11.50.

Sheep and Lambs—Lambs active with prices steady. Best lambs \$14.75 to \$15.00; seconds, \$9.50 to \$10.50; culls, \$7.00 to \$8.00; best mixed sheep \$7.75 to \$8.00; bucks \$6.00 down.

Cash Grain.

Wheat—No. 2 red, \$2.10 to \$2.15; No. 3 red, \$2.08 to \$2.13.

Corn—No. 3 white, \$2.10; No. 3 mixed, \$1.95.

Oats—No. 3 white, 65c; new No. 3 60c.

Butter—Packing, 30c; eggs, (case count), 28c; poultry, hens, 17c; ducks, 12c; springers, 22 to 23c; roasters, 11c; turkeys, 17c.

Potatoes, \$4.00 to \$4.50 per bbl.

ISHII BRINGS A NEW FRIENDSHIP

JAPAN AND AMERICA SHALL WORK AND FIGHT IN HARMONY HE SAYS.

A NEW DAY IS DAWNING

Forget Molehills, Deeds and Sacrifices Requisites of the Hour He Declares.

A Pacific Port, Aug. 14.—A new day among nations in which Japan and America shall "forget little molehills that have been exaggerated into mountains to bar our good relations" and "march together, work together and fight together as comrades" was pledged here tonight by Viscount K. Ishii, Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary to the United States.

Heading a special mission, Viscount Ishii spoke for his Government at a dinner tendered him by his municipality. The Viscount was presented by Gavin McNab, an attorney sent from Washington to arrange the reception of the mission, and by the Governor of the State and the Mayor of the city. The Ambassador said:

"We come to you at the dawning of a new day. As individuals we have no right to expect to find pleasure at this busy time of preparation. But we come as the humble representatives of the gracious sovereign of a friendly and a loyal nation, and we say that we know well that performance not profession, deeds not words, sacrifices not selfishness, are the requisites of the hour.

Brings Message.

"Our message is that in this day, through its hours of shadow or of sunshine, your purpose is our purpose, your road our road and your goal our goal. It is that America and Japan will march together, work together and fight together as comrades until the end has been reached and the victory won in the struggle which involves our rights and our liberties.

"It is for that—and I take the liberty of using the words of your great President, Abraham Lincoln—in order that each of us may enjoy an open field and a fair chance for our industry, enterprise and intelligence that the struggle must be maintained; that we may not lose our birthright—the right of humanity.

"We are here to say that in this tremendous struggle for those rights and liberties, America and Japan are bound together; that when the victory of the allied forces is secure, America and Japan should so live that your good sons and our sons will have a certainty of good neighborhood; so live that no word or deed of either can be looked upon with sus-

picion; that venomous gossip, hired slander, sinister intrigue and influence, of which we have both been the victims, can in future only serve to bring us closer together for mutual protection and for the common welfare.

Enforce Respect for Law.

"The importance of this co-operation was brought home to us particularly as we voyaged safely and pleasantly across the Pacific Ocean. We must indeed have assurance of good order in our neighborhood. We cannot either of us take risks. It becomes the first duty of Japan and America to guard the Pacific and to insure safe continuous intercourse between Asia and the United States; to see to it that the ships of the ferocious pirates whose crime upon the high seas can never be palliated, find no shelter in the waters of our seas.

"It is for us together to continue to enforce respect for law and humanity upon the Pacific, from which the German menace was removed at the commencement of the war. Had this not been so; had the barbarian of Europe not been rooted from his Oriental basis the shuddering horrors of the Atlantic and the Mediterranean would to-day be a grim reality on the Pacific. In the protection of our sea-going merchandise and men, in safeguarding the pleasures of intercourse, you may count on us as we must count on you.

Pitfalls To Be Avoided.

"In the dawning of this new day of stress and strain let us forget the little molehills that have been exaggerated into mountains to bar our good relations. Let us see together with a clearer vision the pitfalls dug by a cunning enemy in our path. Let us together fix our eyes upon the star of principle which shall lead us together most surely to a participation in the triumph of the right, to a certain victory in the greatest, and, let us hope, the last great war in human history.

"And when that victory shall have been won, let us together help in the upbuilding of a new world, which shall rise, fair and strong and beautiful, from the ashes of the old."

The speakers' table was dotted with uniforms. High officers of the American army sat in khaki with Maj. Gen. Hisaichi Sugano; naval officers in blue surrounded Vice Admiral T. Takeshita, the ranking army and navy representatives on the mission. The State Department delegation was headed by Breckenridge Long, Third Assistant Secretary.

Late in the afternoon Gen. Sugano was given his first glimpse of American troops in force when he viewed 6,000 soldiers and sailors with Maj. Gen. Hunter Liggett, commanding the Western Department of the army. At the end of the review he said, simply, "These are splendid troops. It has been a pleasure to see them."

An excursion into the surrounding country and a visit to a large encampment of troops are on the commission's programme for to-morrow.

NATIONAL GUARD CALLED ABROAD

GUARD TROOPS FROM TWENTY-SIX STATES TO SERVE IN EUROPE.

KY. BOYS LEFT OUT

Indiana and Tennessee Will Furnish a Part of First Quota While Kentuckians Stay.

Washington, Aug. 15.—Plans for sending the first National Guard troops to France have been perfected by the War Department with the organization of a division which will include troops from twenty-six States and the District of Columbia.

The States from which the National Guard troops are to be assembled are: Louisiana, Pennsylvania, Wisconsin, New York, Ohio, Georgia, Alabama, Iowa, Illinois, Indiana, Minnesota, Maryland, South Carolina, California, Missouri, Virginia, North Carolina, Kansas, Texas, Michigan, New Jersey, Tennessee, Oklahoma, Nebraska, Colorado, Oregon. The others come from District of Columbia.

The commanding officer of the division will be Brig. Gen. W. A. Mann, of the regular army, now chief of the division of militia affairs of the War Department.

Following is the War Department's announcement, under the heading "Composite National Guard Division—"

"The following organizations of the National Guard have been selected to compose the Forty-second Division. The following numerical designations have been assigned:

"Division headquarters troop to consist of the Second separate troop, Louisiana Cavalry.

"The Division Machine Gun Battalion No. 149, to be composed of the Third Battalion, Fourth Pennsylvania Infantry.

"The infantry brigades to be numbered 83 and 84.

"The Eighty-third infantry brigade to comprise the One Hundred and Fiftieth Machine Gun Battalion (composed of Companies E, F and G, Second Wisconsin Infantry); the One Hundred and Thirty-fifth Infantry (Sixty-ninth New York Infantry), and the One Hundred and Sixty-sixth Infantry (Fourth Ohio Infantry).

"The Eighty-fourth infantry Brigade to comprise the One Hundred and Fifty-first Machine Gun Battalion (Companies B, C and F, Second Georgia Infantry), One Hundred and Sixty-seventh Infantry (Fourth Alabama Infantry) and the One Hundred and Sixty-eighth Infantry (Third Iowa Infantry).

"The Artillery Brigade, to be numbered 67th, comprises:

"The One Hundred and Forty-ninth Field Artillery (First Illinois Field Artillery); the One Hundred and Fiftieth Field Artillery (First Indiana Field Artillery), the One Hundred and Fifty-first Field Artillery (First Minnesota Field Artillery) and the One Hundred and Seventeenth Trench Mortar Battery, to be composed of the Third and Fourth companies, Maryland Coast Artillery Corps.

"The engineer regiment of the division will be numbered 117th. The First Battalion will be formed from the first separate battalion, Engineers, South Carolina, and the Second Battalion will be formed of the first separate battalion, Engineers California.

"The divisional field battalion, signal troops, will be organized from the Missouri National Guard. The headquarters train and military police will be organized from the coast artillery corps, Virginia. The engineer train will be organized from the North Carolina troops. The ammunition train will be organized from the Kansas troops, and the supply train from the Texas troops. They will be known respectively as the 117th field battalion, signal troops, the 117th headquarters train and military police, the 117th engineer train, the 117th ammunition train, and the 117th supply train.

"The sanitary train, to be known as the 117th sanitary train, will be comprised of the First, Second, Third and Fourth ambulance companies, being respectively, the first am-

bulance companies of Michigan, New Jersey, Tennessee and Oklahoma; the First, Second, Third and Fourth field hospital companies being respectively the first field hospital companies of Nebraska, Colorado, Oregon and the District of Columbia."

Discussion of the time and place of mobilization of the division or of its departure for France are not permissible under the voluntary censorship. The structure of the division as given in the official statement shows it will conform to the reduced trench warfare divisional organization recommended by Maj. Gen. Pershing, which would give it a total strength with auxiliary troops, of approximately 20,000 men.

U. S. TO MAKE ANOTHER ENORMOUS WAR LOAN SOON

Washington, Aug. 14.—Congress soon will be asked to authorize another loan of between \$3,000,000,000 and \$4,000,000,000 to the Allies.

Secretary McAdoo and Chairman Kitchin, of the Ways and Means Committee, agreed on this to-day and also agreed upon the desirability of raising a larger sum than \$2,000,000,000 for war purposes by taxation. Congress probably will be called upon at the December session to revise the war revenue bill now before the Senate, increasing the sum to be obtained through taxation.

The amount to be raised by increased taxation was not definitely determined, but it is understood that a radical revision of the pending revenue bill will not be necessary.

In addition, it was agreed that Congress should be asked shortly to authorize other bond issues to care for domestic needs arising out of the prosecution of the war, and to meet estimates of the War and Navy Departments for the current fiscal year.

How much of this sum will be raised by bonds and how much by additional taxation has not been determined. The needs of the Allies have been much heavier than was expected, and the \$3,000,000,000 authorized, it is estimated, will hardly carry them further than October. The new loan desired would serve to meet Allied needs in this country, it is estimated, until July 1, 1918.

TO THE VOTERS OF OHIO COUNTY

I wish to say through the columns of the Republican that I appreciate the handsome vote given me in my race for the Republican nomination for Jailer of Ohio County.

I want to thank my many friends who so faithfully fought for me, and I am thankful for the kind treatment received in the many homes of this good county, from fathers mothers and school children, and I am also thankful to the good Democrats who so firmly pledged me their support in November, if I was nominated.

I especially wish to thank the 117 voters of old Rosine precinct for their hearty support, and lastly, I suggest that every defeated candidate and others use Sloan's Liniment for the sores, should there be any, but I trust there is none and be certain to be out on Nov. 6 and help round up a majority of not less than five hundred for the grand old Republican party in Ohio county.

I have always been a Republican and have never had cause to regret it. I have always fought for the interest of the party and am still strong in the faith. I can truthfully say that I fought a clean fight and believe that my opponents did likewise.

I shall always consider the favors shown me a deed of kindness and my appreciation shall be lasting.

Yours Respy.,

M. C. SCHROADER.

S. A. LEE WRITES TO OHIO COUNTY REPUBLICANS

Having been a candidate for the Republican nomination for Jailer of Ohio county, in the late primary and like ten others, I met with defeat. But nevertheless, I feel grateful to those who cast their votes for me on Aug. the 4th, and carry no grudge against those who did otherwise. I cheerfully submit to the majority rule and to its edicts I say amen. Again thanking those who gave me their support and friendship and firmly pledging my hearty efforts toward making the majority for the entire ticket a record breaking one on Nov. 6th, I am,

Sincerely,

S. A. LEE.

Route 1, Hartford, Ky., Aug. 14, 1917.

IN HIS ELEMENT.



—Batchelor in New York Evening Journal.

YELLOWSTONE'S CODY ENTRANCE

THE TOURIST WILL SEE SHOSHONE DAM, LARGEST IN THE WORLD.

BUFFALO BILL'S HOME

Read Lies Through Shoshone Canyon, With Its Fantastic Red Sandstones.

The eastern gateway to the Yellowstone National Park is called the Cody entrance, because at Cody, Wyo., the traveler leaves the train for a ride of sixty-three miles by automobile to the park boundary.

Cody was founded many years ago by the famous scout, the late Col. Wm. F. Cody. "Buffalo Bill," and is a typical western plains town. It is situated on a bench or shelf above the Shoshone River and below the table-land that stretches away toward the east. It is therefore invisible to the traveler on the roads from Thermopolis, Basin, Powell, and other Wyoming towns to the eastward until he comes very near the limits of the town.

Leaving Cody for the trip to Yellowstone Park, the road leads into the Shoshone Gorge, across the Shoshone River, and thence to the Burlington station on the plain opposite the town. From here the road turns southwestward through the plains and runs for several miles through an arid, treeless waste. The sulphur mill on the east side of the river stands out prominently a short distance from Cody.

The wonders of the trip to the park begin with the entrance to the Shoshone Canyon, the stupendous gorge through which the Shoshone River takes its course. On the right lies Rattlesnake Mountain and on the left Cedar Mountain. The two constituted a single mountain until the river cut a deep, narrow gash through its center of solid rock. The walls of the canyon are nearly perpendicular, and yet along the face of Rattlesnake Mountain the Reclamation Service of the Department of the Interior blasted from the solid rock a splendid road eight miles long.

Great Engineering Feat.

In places the road passes through tunnels in the granite walls. This is the road that is traveled through the gorge and out to the park. The Government found it necessary to construct this road through the apparently inaccessible canyon in order to provide the means of transporting materials to construct the great dam of the Shoshone reclamation project. At the upper end of the canyon the Shoshone Dam itself is reached. This dam is the second highest in the world, 328 feet from the lowest foundation to the top of the parapet, being 48 feet higher than the Flatiron Building in New York. At its base it is 108 feet thick up and down stream and only 80 feet long. On top it is 180 long and 10 feet thick.

The cost of its construction was \$1,356,585, but the value of the crops raised by the use of the stored water in 1916 was \$601,000, and only about one-sixth of the irrigable area was cropped last year. The irrigation system is being rapidly extended and several thousand acres will be thrown open to homesteaders during the autumn.

Leaving the dam, the road follows the shore of the beautiful Shoshone Lake which was formed by closing, with the great wedge of concrete, the narrow gash in the rock walls of the canyon. Scientists state that this lake occupies the basin of an ancient body of water which existed thousands of years ago. Where this lake overflowed the water gradually wore a passageway through the solid granite mountain, and in the course of numberless centuries formed the Shoshone Gorge.

Wonders of the Gorge.

At the upper end of the lake the road turns into the valley of the North Fork of the Shoshone River and skirts the boundaries of several large ranches, many of which are favorite resorts of the big game hunter. As the road continues westward beyond the ranch lands, a very mountainous region appears. The Shoshone National Forest is entered at a point where the valley suddenly narrows to a deep canyon. High mountains on each side of the river stand like huge sentinels at the gates of the forest.

Proceeding into the canyon, many wonderful natural features appear on every side. The mountains are composed principally of red sandstone and have been carved into a million fantastic shapes by wind and water erosion.

Signs attract the attention of visitors to the peculiarly shaped formations, the most interesting of which are Holy City, Chimney Rock, Clock

Tower, Hole in the Wall, Dead Indian, Elephant's Head, Duck, Maimed Hand, and Pinnacle Point. As the park boundary is approached the mountains become more rugged and timber growth becomes heavier. The principal species of trees are Douglas fir and Englemann spruce.

Just after crossing the Middle Fork of the Shoshone River and leaving it to the right, as the road proceeds up Middle Creek, Pahaska Teepee is reached. This is an old hunting lodge built and owned for many years by Buffalo Bill, and is very beautifully situated in the forest. Supplies of various kinds may be obtained at this point.

Two and four-tenths miles farther up Middle Creek the park boundary at the Eastern Gateway is reached.

Chronic Constipation.

It is by no means an easy matter to cure this disease, but it can be done in most instances by taking Chamberlain's Tablets and complying with the plain printed directions that accompany each package.

955 DEATHS CAUSED BY HEAT IN NEW YORK CITY

New York, Aug. 11.—The number of deaths caused by the heat wave of a week, which ended August 4, is estimated at 955 by the weekly bulletin of the Department of Health. The bulletin also says that while the death rate of that week was very high, it was exceeded here sixteen years ago by the week ending July 6, 1901, when the death rate per thousand of population was 40.82. During the week of August 4, 1917, the death rate per thousand was only 19.74.

WAR FORETOLD BY POLISH POET

WROTE LETTER PREDICTING
POLAND AS WORLD'S
BATTLEFIELD.

Berlin, Aug. 11.—A correspondent of the Berliner Tageblatt calls attention to a strange prophecy of the famous Polish poet, Count Zygmunt Krasinski, who died in Paris in 1859. After the Crimean War, in the fall of 1856, the poet wrote to his friend, Gaszynski:

"The good people of France and England, will not do anything for us. Our nation will have to endure terrible sufferings many years more. Then a fearful war will come, into which almost all States of Europe will be drawn. This war will be largely fought out in our beloved country, which will be turned into a howling wilderness and drenched with blood from one end to the other. Our sufferings then will surpass everything we have endured so far. Fire, sword and hunger will decimate our population, but on the ruins the victor will erect a new and glorious Poland to shame the good people who have given us nothing but words of sympathy and empty promises of aid in our struggle against Russian tyranny. The European war which I see in the far distance will end our sufferings forever and bring us freedom and new national greatness. I will be long dead when this happy time arrives, but it is sure to come exactly as I predict."

The letter containing this remarkable prophecy is said to be in the collection of Prince Czartoryski in Paris.

Sudden changes of temperature and underwear bring spring colds with stuffed up head, sore throat and general symptoms. A dose of Dr. King's New Discovery is sure relief, this happy combination of antiseptic balsams clears the head, soothes the irritated membranes and what might have been a lingering cold is broken up. Don't stop treatment when relief is first felt as a half cured cold is dangerous. Take Dr. King's New Discovery till your cold is gone.

SOUTH RALLIES AND RAISES BIG CROPS

Jackson, Miss., Aug. 12.—The campaign conducted in the South last Spring for food and feed crops has been successful. The corn yield of Mississippi will be the greatest ever known. In some sections, 100 bushels will be gathered to the acre. Alabama, Georgia and Tennessee will also produce big yields. More acres were planted to corn than ever in the history of the South, according to unofficial reports.

Served Him Right.

"What became of that redheaded stenographer you used to have?" "She married my bookkeeper." "Did you approve the match?" "Certainly. I never did like that bookkeeper, anyhow."

**Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA**

DRAFT BOARD GRAFT HUNTING

AFFIDAVITS STATE MONEY IS
PAID-AND MEN ARE
EXEMPTED.

SOME ARE IN PRISON

Dentist Put In Jail On Conspiracy Charge, The Entire Board Is Removed.

New York, Aug. 12.—A third arrest was made late today in the alleged conspiracy to evade the provisions of the selective draft law, charged against Louis I. Cherry and Dr. S. J. Bernfeld, members of the deposed Exemption Board 99, when Kalman Gruher, a laboratory dentist, was taken to the United States Attorney's office and later to the Tombs prison. Cherry and Dr. Bernfeld, who had been arrested earlier in the day for conspiracy to evade the draft, also were sent to the Tombs after unsuccessful attempts to arrange bail.

Gruher was arrested on a warrant similar to that served on Cherry and Dr. Bernfeld. He had no official connection with the board, but admitted, according to the authorities, that he had "obtained a supply of exemption blanks which he had handed out to various persons."

Gruher stated, it is alleged that his son, Joseph, had been examined by Dr. Bernfeld and Dr. Henry M. Groehl, and had been rejected by both physicians, but that before the physical examinations he had "conversations with Cherry and Dr. Bernfeld in the offices of the board and later at their places of business."

Will Ask \$5,000 Bail.

The warrant stated in part that "to effect the object of the conspiracy Louis I. Cherry and Samuel J. Bernfeld on August 8, 1917, did have a conversation with Kalman Gruher at 273 Rivington Street." When the three prisoners are arraigned Monday, John C. Knox, Assistant United States Attorney, said he will ask that bail of \$5,000 be fixed in each case.

Mr. Knox exonerated Dr. Groehl today, saying there was "absolutely nothing known so far that would implicate him in the alleged irregularities in the conduct of examinations of the deposed board."

"Dr. Groehl says he was present at examinations on only three of the five days and that he made only a few examinations," Mr. Knox said.

Max Noble, employed as a clerk by Board 99, was taken to the office of District Attorney Swann, who is co-operating with the Federal authorities. He said he had "heard talk of money being paid over by men seeking exemption," but had not seen money paid to any one. Noble will be called as a witness because of his knowledge of the board records.

Graft Charged.

Three East Side youths swore to affidavits in District Attorney Swann's office today, alleging improper conduct by certain persons in relation to examination by the board. One affidavit filed by Jacob Swirsky and sworn to in the presence of Assistant District Attorney Markewich, charged that Cherry told Swirsky "if he obtained \$300 he would be exempted."

This statement, the affidavit alleged, was made after the drafted man had passed a "perfect physical examination." Swirsky alleged Cherry told him "to get the money quick and return with it the next day." Swirsky alleged further that \$200 was all the money he could get together and he gave this sum to Cherry with a promise to obtain the remaining \$100 later.

Abraham Luger's affidavit stated he is flatfooted and nearsighted but was passed by the board and when he pointed out his physical defects he was told to come back the next day for another examination. Luger said a man approached him as he left the board's quarters and told him to scrape together as much money as he could and return for a re-examination in forty-eight hours. Luger swore he passed the second time when he brought no money.

A similar experience is recorded in the affidavit of Louis Deutsch, who stated that life insurance companies have refused to take him as more than a ten-year risk because he suffers from heart palpitation. When he informed the examiners about his condition, he alleged he was told to return for another examination and was met on the sidewalk by the stranger who advised him to return with money. He swore he was passed as physically fit the second time after he had failed to get any money.

Painting Bridges White.

This interesting item recently appeared in Service Bulletin of Iowa. A Tama County Bridge on the Lincoln Highway in the Indian Reserva-

tion and over the Iowa River is painted white. People who cross this bridge at night who are accustomed to the black or red bridges of the majority Iowa counties, are struck with the ease with which the outlines of the bridge are noted. As a matter of Highway safety it would seem to be a good thing to paint bridges white. The same color should prevail on guard rails erected on fills and at dangerous turns where such safe guards are erected. In South Dakota it is becoming a customary practice in some sections to paint all bridges white.—The Highway Magazine.

Sloan's Liniment For Rheumatism.

The torture of rheumatism, the pains and aches that make life unbearable are relieved by Sloan's Liniment, a clean clear liquid that is easy to apply and more effective than musky plasters or ointments because it penetrates quickly without rubbing. For the many pains and aches following exposure, strains, sprains and muscle soreness, Sloan's Liniment is promptly effective. Always have a bottle handy for gout, lumbago, toothache, backache, stiff neck and all external pains. At druggists, 25c.

The Distiction.

The fair customer made her way to the counter. "I want to see some socks," she said.

The elderly assistant produced boxes immediately.

"For your husband, madam?" he asked, as he opened one, "or something of a better quality?"

WORK RUSHED ON AVIATION FIELD

CAMP TO TRAIN 2,400 MEN IS
BEING CONSTRUCTED AT
DAYTON, OHIO.

Dayton, O., Aug. 11.—While high-powered engines of aeroplanes roar overhead, 2,500 workmen, 850 teams of horses and scores of tractors and shovels are making the dirt fly here in preparation for the largest aviation field in the United States. Four other smaller fields have been located throughout the country. But the one under construction here will be the largest, providing facilities for training 2,400 men at one time.

More than a hundred buildings already have been erected, and hundreds more will be constructed. Buildings are put into use as soon as finished. And, while the laborers are getting the great field in shape, dozens of aviators are taking to the air daily.

There are now 300 future aviators encamped on Wright Field. They comprise the Twelfth and Thirteenth aero squadrons and are made of young athletic, keen-eyed men from all sections of the country.

Three Kinds Of Machines.

Three kinds of machines are provided—the Curtiss, the Wright biplane and the "standard" model being used by the Allies. There are small machines built for speed, 150 miles an hour or more—machines built to ascend rapidly into the clouds and aeroplanes designed to carry six men, machine guns and bombs. When the 2,400 student aviators are quartered here, it is expected there will be from 6,000 to 8,000 machines in the hangars, for in Europe it has been found that it takes about three machines to each flier.

The men are learning not only how to fly but also how to fight in the air, which is a far more complex affair, requiring skillful maneuvering. The men are anxious to get to France, where they will complete their training.

The hangars for the aeroplanes will accommodate eight machines. Each squadron has its own barracks. There are separate buildings for the officers.

Other Buildings.

Other buildings being built include hospitals, machine shops, stables, mess halls, bath houses, sewage disposal plant, waterworks and a heating plant.

It will be several months before the field is completed. Huge piles of lumber and other material now are scattered about the field. Farm buildings are being razed, trees cut down and everything done to accelerate the work of training aviators who are expected to help turn the tide against the Kaiser.

Catarrhal Deafness Cannot Be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure catarrhal deafness, and that is by a constitutional remedy. Catarrhal Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When the tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, Deafness is the result. Unless the inflammation can be reduced and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever. Many cases of deafness are caused by catarrh, which is an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces. Hall's Catarrh Medicine acts thru the blood on the mucous surfaces of the system. We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Catarrhal Deafness that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Medicine. Circulars free. All Druggists, 75c. F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

NOTICE!

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STRAW HAT

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Hub Clothing Co.

HARTFORD, KY.

Monterey County Needs Good Farmers

Notwithstanding the fact that Monterey produces millions of dollars worth of potatoes, sugar beets, apples, peaches, barley, alfalfa, dairy products, live stock, etc., there is much land that only needs farmers and settlers to make it more intensively productive. This is a rich coast county with a mild even climate.

YOU CAN SEE THIS COUNTRY WITHOUT LEAVING HOME

We have issued a beautifully illustrated booklet telling of Monterey County, and the opportunities there for YOU. Send us ten cents for this booklet and a sample copy of Sunset Magazine—the one big National Magazine telling of the life and development of the West. Address,

SUNSET MAGAZINE SERVICE BUREAU, SAN FRANCISCO

STATE DOCTORS NEED NO DRAFT

KENTUCKY MEDICOS RAPIDLY
FILLING U. S. FORCES FOR
WAR SERVICE.

No draft will be needed to secure Kentucky doctors for service at the front, declares Dr. A. T. McCormick, president of the State Board of Health.

Dr. McCormick arrived here yesterday to direct inspection work in Jefferson County and at the Seelbach last night he declared reports coming to him from various parts of the country show that doctors are coming forward as volunteers in such numbers that the number of men required will be enlisted before a draft order is necessary.

"From what I have learned," said Dr. McCormick, "so many doctors have volunteered that draft will not be necessary. I know that Kentucky doctors are offering themselves every day, and nearly all are being accepted. My son at Bowling Green has been examining physicians in groups of four and five ever since word came from Washington that physicians were needed."

Dr. McCormick believes Louisville will furnish a large quota of physicians for the service.—Louisville Herald.

Summer Complaint.

During the hot weather of the summer months some member of almost every family is likely to be troubled with an unnatural looseness of the bowels, and it is of the greatest importance that this be treated promptly which can only be done when the medicine is kept at hand. Mrs. F. F. Scott, Scottsville, N. Y., states, "I first used Chamberlain's Colic and Diarrhoea Remedy as much as five years ago. At that time I had a severe attack of summer complaint and was suffering intense pain. One dose relieved me. Other members of my family have since used it with like results."

Don'ts for Consumptives.

Don't use tobacco or whiskey.
Don't breathe through the mouth.
Use the nose.
Don't expectorate except in a receptacle to be burned.
Don't take violent exercise or attend violent or exciting amusements.
Don't be afraid of fresh air, but live out of doors as much as possible.
Don't swallow expectoration. It is filthy and may cause intestinal tuberculosis.
Don't sleep in air tight rooms but give fresh air the fullest circulation.
Don't put off seeing a doctor if you have a cough, feel run down and lose in weight.
Don't permit uncleanness in the home, office, shop or factory. Tu-

berculosis germs thrive on dirt and ride on the dust.

Don't wait to be cured but take every means to prevent infection.

Don't think you can be cured in a week or in a month, but persist in observing their rules of treatment and never give up.

Don't wait until it is too late beginning to work for a cure after becoming infected.

Don't fail to sleep as much as possible and eat as much nourishing food as is necessary.

Don't be fooled with specifics for consumption. None has so far been discovered.

Don't brood but remember that a determination to get well is a powerful aid in doing so.

Don't put off writing to the Secretary of the State Tuberculosis Commission, Frankfort for literature for the prevention and cure of tuberculosis, which he will gladly send free of charge.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

The Corsicana Oil and Gas Field, Texas.

The oil industry in Texas may be said to date from 1895, when the first successful well was drilled in the rich Corsicana field in Navarro County. Before that time the maximum annual production of oil in Texas had not exceeded 60 barrels. The Corsicana field continued to yield almost the total production of the State from 1896 until the discovery of the Beaumont field, in 1901.

During the last 21 years more than 2,224 wells have been drilled in this field, and about three-fourths of them have been productive. At the close of 1915 the field had yielded almost 11,000,000 barrels of oil, about three-fifths of which came from the light-oil district and two-fifths from the heavy-oil district. Some wells in the field have been producing from 14 to 20 years. The production per acre has been differently estimated at 1,792 and 2,015 barrels in the light-oil district and at 1,631 and 1,787 barrels in the heavy-oil district. The estimated ultimate production per acre for the field will be more than 2,000 barrels, a quantity of oil sufficient to cover the productive area to a depth of about 3 inches.

The Stratigraphy and structure of the Corsicana oil and gas field as well as the occurrence and production of oil and gas in it are described in a report by G. C. Matson and O. B. Hopkins, recently issued as Bulletin 661—F, by the United States Geological Survey, Department of the Interior. A copy of the report may be obtained free on application to the Director of the Geological Survey, Washington, D. C.

**Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA**

PLANS FOR DRAFT ARMY OUTLINED

LOCAL BOARDS TO HAVE CARE OF MEN UNTIL THEY REACH CAMP.

Washington, Aug. 12.—Regulations under which men of the new national army will be called to the colors, beginning September 1, were issued Friday by Provost Marshal General Crowder. They map out in detail the whole program to be followed until every soldier of the selective draft army has been accepted by the Adjutant General of the training cantonment to which he is assigned.

Two hundred thousand of the first 687,000 men will be called up September 1 and forwarded to their camps before September 5. The whole business of assembling the levies at entraining points, providing them with shelter, food and transportation and giving them their actual induction into military life is entrusted to the civilian local boards which selected them for service. Until the men reach the camps they will not be in contact with uniformed officers. The civilian control is carried forward thru every stage of the draft to the very gates of the military camps where the making of soldiers will begin to be completed within sound of the guns in France.

The actual call for men will go in each case from the Provost Marshal General to the State Adjutant General stating the number of men to be supplied at a specified time by the State. Each local board will be promptly informed of its proportion in the call and the Adjutant General will fix the date when men from his State shall entrain for the camps.

To Fix Entraining Place.
Immediately the local boards will make out the list of men to fill the call from the roll of accepted men and it will also fix the place of entraining and the exact time of departure.

Orders to the men will be posted and also sent them by mail. They will be directed to report to the local board at its headquarters not less than twelve hours nor more than twenty-four before the time of departure for camp.

"From the times specified for reporting to the local board for military duty the regulations state 'each man in respect of whom notice to report has been posted or mailed shall be in the military service of the United States.'"

Prior to the arrival of the men at the board headquarters board members are instructed to make arrangements for their accommodation, to find clean and sanitary sleeping places at hotels and lodging houses, to arrange for their meals and to provide lodging and meal tickets to be taken in payment and redeemed for cash later by a Government disbursing officer. In its discretion the boards may grant permission for the men to remain at their homes.

Must Provide Good Food.
Arrived at the board headquarters at the hour fixed for reporting, the men will be drawn up, the roll called, and agents of the board will take them personally to their quarters, remaining with them until every arrangement for their comfort has been made. Emphatic instructions are given that the quality of food furnished shall be good and the board is held liable for seeing that meals are adequate.

Retreat roll-call at the board head-

quarters, set for 5:30 p. m., on the day of reporting to the board will be the first military ceremony the drafted men pass thru. The board members are directed to be present in person and to inform the men of their military status, impressing on them the fact that disobedience of orders is the gravest military crime. The light hand baggage, containing toilet articles and a change of underclothing, which the men are permitted to take with them to camp, will be inspected by the board and the lists of men sent forward made out and copies of original registration cards prepared.

For each district, five alternates will be summoned to the board headquarters in addition to the men actually selected to fill the board quota. They will be held at the assembling point until train time to fill in vacancies should any men of the levy fail to report.

Will Determine Command.
Exempt from retreat roll-calls, the men will be given town liberty until forty-five minutes before train time. The board will, during this interval, select one man from the levy who is deemed best qualified to command and place him in charge of the party for its trip. He will name a second in command to aid him and the other men will be told that the orders of these two men must be obeyed under pain of military discipline.

The man in charge of the party will call the roll at the board headquarters just before train time. He will then line up the draft and, accompanied by the board members, march them to the station to entrain.

There a final verification of the list will be made and if any man of the selected number is missing, an alternate will be sent forward in his place. The tickets, with meal tickets, all papers relating to the party including the copies of registration cards, will be turned over to the man in command, and the party will start for its training camp.

Must Watch Over Men.

It will be the duty of the commander of each party to watch over his men during the trip, to see that none are left behind at any station, that all are fed regularly, and that no liquor is furnished to the men en route. When within six hours of the camp he will file a telegram to the Camp Adjutant General notifying him of the departure of the train, the local board will send a similar message. Every precaution has been taken to meet any emergency in advance. Should a train be delayed by accident, the commander of each party will have proper telegraph blanks to report the fact to the Camp Adjutant General and ask instructions.

After the departure of the levy for camp, the local boards will turn to gathering up stragglers. If there is evidence of wilful violation of orders, the offender will be reported to the Adjutant General of the Army as a deserter and the local police will be asked to arrest him on sight and turn him over to the nearest army post for trial. Where there was no intention to desert, however, and the missing man reports of his own will, the board will send him on to the camp with an explanation and a recommendation as to his degree of culpability.

Arrived at the camp, the party will undergo final physical examination by army doctors. If any are rejected the local board will be notified and an alternate sent forward for each such case. The net quota of a board will be regarded as filled only when the full number of men called for, have been finally accepted.

Provision is made, also, for a strict accounting as to quotas, between the Federal Government and the Adjutant General in the first instance and between the Adjutants and the local boards in the second. Reports to show the standing of such accounts will be filed every ten days until every quota has been filled.

You Need a Spring Laxative.
Dr. King's New Life Pills will remove the accumulated wastes of winter from your intestines, the burden of the blood. Get that sluggish spring fever feeling out of your system, brighten your eye, clear your complexion. Get that vim and snap of good purified healthy blood. Dr. King's New Life Pills are a non-gripping laxative that aids nature's process, try them to-night. At all druggists, 25c.

Mum's the Word.
Doctor—Something wrong with the baby?
Mother—Yes, doctor, he got hold of an old dictionary, some way, and chewed up two pages out of it.
"Did you give him an emetic?"
"Yes, doctor, but I can't get a word out of him!"—Exchange.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children
In Use For Over 30 Years
Always bears the Signature of *Dr. H. H. Hatcher*

YANKEE GUNNERS HARD ON U-BOATS

KEEP SUBMARINES UNDER SEA BY FIRING AT EVERYTHING FROM LOGS UP.

Washington, Aug. 11.—It looks as tho the submarine menace has been overcome.

Hundreds of ships a week bear the stars and stripes thru the barred zone, across which the Kaiser said we might send one ship a week painted like a barber pole.

The Navy Department is adhering to its pledge to announce any disaster.

No disaster has been accounted. The answer is that the Yankee gunners are keeping the submarines below the sea and that Yankee Quartermasters are learning to lay big ships on a course that would make a polo pony jealous. When a U-boat commander can safely get but one squirt at a target less stable than a well-conditioned flee, his deadly torpedoes go astray since Simm's squadron turned the game and taught it to our merchantmen and transports.

Yankee gunners when they enter the barred zone are taking a shot at anything. They admit this. Floating logs, bits of wreckage, even big sea birds, everything that bears any resemblance to a periscope, right off feels the crash of a three-inch shell. These things are shattered because the Yankee gunners score hits. There are no scratch crews, such as many of the British merchantmen carry. These are among the best shots of the United States Navy.

From what has been learned of Admiral Simm's reports there have been real periscopes among these victims. This is borne out by the apparent caution which the German has learned. They no longer lie calmly half submerged with engines stopped and everything ready for a fair launching of their torpedoes. They must take their shots on the run and after but one glance.

Absolute co-ordination between the Simm's patrol of destroyers and our transports and merchantmen has evidently been attained. It is generally believed that the ships are sent thru previously cleared and always changed channels.

Secretary Daniels is now consulting with experts as to how much of the detail of this story can be made public. When it comes out it should be one to stir the soul of every American who knows the navy and believes in his country.

THE LADIES' HOME JOURNAL, THE SATURDAY EVENING POST AND THE COUNTRY GENTLEMAN wish to secure the spare time of a man or woman to act as local representative in Hartford and vicinity, looking after the renewals of their many subscriptions in this section, and introducing these publications to new readers. Payment will be made in salary and commission. Previous experience is desirable but not essential. For details address, with references, Box 654, THE CURTIS PUBLISHING COMPANY, Independence Square, Philadelphia. 172

**OLDFIELD REDUCES
WORLD'S SPEED RECORD**

St. Louis, Aug. 11.—Earney Oldfield lowered two world's automobile records for a dirt track in three sanctioned events against Ralph de Palma at the Maxwellton race track today. In the 15-mile race, Oldfield's time was 12:04. The previous record was 12:23, made by the late Bob Burman in Bakersfield, Cal., in 1915. Oldfield then broke the 10-mile record of 8:15 4-5, also set by Burman. Oldfield made the distance in 7:58 4-5.

In the 25-mile De Palma led all the way and won by one-fourth lap. Oldfield's engine refused to work smoothly, it was announced. De Palma's time was 20:51 2-5.

Bad Colds From Sudden Changes.
Spring brings all kinds of weather and with it comes colds and the revival of winter coughs and hoarseness. Dr. Bell's Pine-Tar-Honey will head off a new cold or stop the old one, the soothing balsams relieve the sore throat and heal the irritated tissues. Get a bottle to-day and start treatment at once. At your druggist, 25c. Formula on the bottle.

Some Liberty Loan Items.
New York banks are said by the New York Times to now hold very small blocks of Liberty Bonds. This is accounted for by the facts that most of these banks received only a relatively small amount of the bonds they subscribed for, and that they have made sales to their customers of those they did receive under the allotment. The fact that the banks are not loaded down with these bonds is regarded by the Times as denoting a very healthy condition for the Liberty Loan bond market as it

shows that there is a popular demand for the bonds.

The New York Sun says that the astounding leap in the number of bond investors from the comparatively small number of bond holders previous to the Liberty Loan Bond sale to over four million subscribers to the Liberty Loan, has opened the eyes of the banking world to the enormous possibilities which will undoubtedly be at their disposal for placing the second government loan. The people, it states, have been impressed with the advantage of saving and lending money to the government.

Postal savings in New York have been mounting rapidly notwithstanding numerous purchases by small investors of Liberty Loan Bonds. Deposits at the New York Postoffice and branches increased nine million dollars or forty-eight per cent for the current year, and the number of depositors now number one hundred thirty-five thousand.

Stomach and Liver Troubles.
No end of misery and actual suffering is caused by disorders of the stomach and liver, and may be avoided by the use of Chamberlain's Tablets. Give them a trial. They only cost a quarter.

Silver From Texas Mines.
The United States Geological Survey, Department of the Interior, reports that the Presidio silver mine, in Texas, was in continuous operation during the first six months of 1917, that mining was also carried on during that period in the Van Horn and Sierra Blanca districts, and that several shipments of copper ore were made from deposits in the "Red Beds" of Foard and Knox counties. The result was a small output of copper, lead, and zinc but a production of silver for the six months of fully 340,000 ounces.

"BOTTLED LIGHT" SEEMS REALITY

INVENTOR GETS PERMISSION TO ILLUMINATE WHITE HOUSE GROUNDS.

Pittsburg, Aug. 12.—"Bottled Light" will soon illuminate the front lawn of the White House in Washington, according to the inventor, Ethan I. Dadds, of this city. Mr. Dadds, who recently returned from the national capital, claims to have an order from President Wilson for the light, which will shine from an are globe twenty inches in diameter and will be "sparkled" every night from the Arlington Heights wireless station.

Guglielmo Marconi has perfected the "sparkler," which enables the Dadds globe to be lighted at a distance of 2,000 miles. Altho the light is to be a gift to the Nation, it will not be surrendered until Mr. Marconi lights a globe in San Francisco from his wireless plant in New York. The Dadds light will burn beneath water and it gives out no heat. The Navy Department has been conducting a series of tests in many big harbors strewn with mines. By the use of the invention an undersea lane can be marked out thru which ships may pass in safety. No scintillation takes place in the light and ships coming into the safety lanes will have no trouble at night in following the routes. An enemy ship at a distance can not see the Dadds light on account of the absence of reflection. Because it gives out no heat "bottled light" will find an invaluable place in coal mines.

Mr. Dadds, who formerly was associate with George Westinghouse, stumbled on the new principle of light storage while experimenting with radium.

Business Scholarship.
We have for sale, a scholarship, good for a complete course in either Bookkeeping and Accounting or Stenographers Course in the Owensboro Business & Industrial College. For particulars apply at Republican office.

Insist On Cash.
Shortly after the Reconstruction Period began, an old Southern planter met one of his negroes whom he had not seen since the latter's liberation. "Well, well?" said the planter. "What are you doing now, Uncle Josh?"
"I se a-preachin' of de gospel."
"What! You preaching?"
"Yassa, marster. I se a-preachin'."
"Well, well! Do you use notes?"
"Nossuh. At de, fust I use notes, but now I de-mands de cash."—Judge

Her Regret.
Patience—Who is she in mourning for?
Patrice—Her husband.
"Isn't it becoming?"
"She thinks so. She says she is sorry she didn't have an opportunity to wear it before."—Exchange.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

Mothers Know That
Genuine Castoria

Always
Bears the
Signature

of

Dr. H. H. Hatcher

In
Use

For Over

Thirty Years

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Starck Pianos

No Money in Advance - Satisfaction Guaranteed - Lowest Net Factory Prices - Easiest Terms - A Saving of \$100 to \$200 - From Factory Direct

30 DAYS' FREE TRIAL IN YOUR OWN HOME

We will ship you a beautiful Starck Piano for 30 days' free trial, in your home. No cash payment required. All we ask is that you will play upon, use and test this piano for 30 days. If, at the end of that time, you do not find it the highest grade, sweetest toned and finest piano in every way, that you have ever seen for the money, you are at perfect liberty to send it back, and we will, in that event, pay the freight both ways. The Starck Piano must make good with you, or there is no sale.

Save \$150.00 or More

We ship direct to you from our factory, at prices that save you upwards of \$150.00 in the cost of your piano. We guarantee to furnish you a better piano for the money than you can secure elsewhere. You are assured of receiving a satisfactory sweet toned durable high grade piano.

25-Year Guarantee
Every Starck Piano is guaranteed for 25 years. This guarantee has back of it our 25 years of piano experience, and the reputation of an old-established, responsible piano house.

50 Free Music Lessons
To every purchaser of Starck Pianos, we give two music lessons, in one of the best known schools in Chicago. These lessons you can take in your own home, by mail. This represents one year's free instruction.

2nd-Hand Bargains
We have constantly on hand a large number of slightly used and second-hand pianos of all standard makes taken in exchange for new Starck Pianos and Player-Pianos. The following are a few sample bargains:
Weber \$110.00
Steinway 92.00
Chickering 90.00
Kimball 95.00
Starck 195.00
Send for our latest complete second-hand bargain list.

Starck Player-Pianos
Starck Player-Pianos are the best and most beautiful Player-Pianos on the market. You will be delighted with the many exclusive features of these wonderful instruments, and will be pleased with the very low prices at which they can be secured.

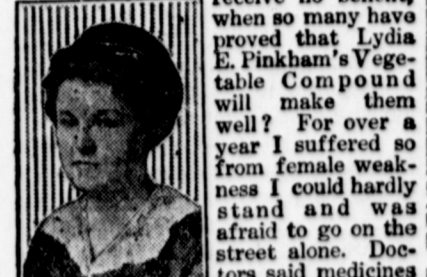
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WOMAN COULD HARDLY STAND

Restored to Health by Lydia
E. Pinkham's Vegetable
Compound.

Fulton, N. Y. — "Why will women pay out their money for treatment and receive no benefit, when so many have proved that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound will make them well? For over a year I suffered so from female weakness I could hardly stand and was afraid to go on the street alone. Doctors said medicines were useless and only an operation would help me, but Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has proved it otherwise. I am now perfectly well and can do any kind of work."—Mrs. NELLIE PHELPS, care of R. A. Rider, R.F.D. No. 5, Fulton, N. Y.



We wish every woman who suffers from female troubles, nervousness, headache or the blues could see the letters written by women made well by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. If you have bad symptoms and do not understand the cause, write to the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass., for helpful advice given free.

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You can be a success, and a big success, if you have AMBITION, ENERGY, NERVE.

The road to success is easy—if you are properly prepared. A Business Education is the chief requisite for preparedness. The big men of today almost without exception are the men who prepared yesterday.

We prepare you for the position that are waiting for the prepared man or woman. School in session the entire year. Pupils may enter at any time and receive proper classification.

Owensboro Business & Industrial College
(Incorporated)

OWENSBORO, KY.

Hartford Republican.

Entered according to law at the Postoffice at Hartford, Ky., as mail matter of the second class.

W. S. TINSLEY, Editor & Bus. Mgr.

Address all communications to The Hartford Republican.

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Church Notices for services free, but other advertisements, 5c per line.

Anonymous communications will receive no attention.

TELEPHONES.

Cumteland.....123
Farmers Mutual.....59

FRIDAY AUGUST 10



REPUBLICAN TICKET.

For Representative—
L. L. HMBRY.
For County Judge—
MACK COOK.
For County Attorney—
A. D. KIRK.
For County Clerk—
W. C. BLANKENSHIP.
For Sheriff—
S. A. BRATCHER.
For Jailor—
WORTH TICHENOR.
For Assessor—
D. E. WARD.
For Superintendent of Schools—
E. S. HOWARD.
For County Surveyor—
C. S. MOXLEY.
For Coroner—
DR. A. B. RILEY.
For Justice of the Peace—
Hartford District—
ED. SHOWN.
Beaver Dam District—
SAM L. STEVENS.
Centertown District—
GEO. W. ROWE.
Rockport District—
Q. B. BROWN.
Rosine District—
W. C. DAUGHERTY.
Sulphur Springs District—
W. S. DEAN.
Fordsville District—
B. F. RICE.
Bartlett District—
B. C. RHOADS.

With Liberia and China in the war on the side of the Allies, means added weight for Kaiser Bill in the last stretch.

Uncle Samuel should be ready to answer the door at any time now, for missions from Liberia and China may come and catch the old gent with his stripes off.

May the good Lord deliver us from the day on which Congressmen and U. S. Senators, come home to unburden themselves of great speeches on the war patriotism.

We don't profess to know anything about who is in fault, but we do know that each of these strikes are as a knife stab under the fifth rib, to the Country, at the present time.

Headed by Viscount Ishii, we have as visitors in this country a bunch of Japanese Dignitaries, who come loaded with olive branches, on each of which a peace dove is gently perching. These Japs are also absolutely guaranteeing to care of any and all sorts of disorder arising within the Pacific Ocean, thereby releasing all of Uncle Sam's war craft for duty in the Atlantic and other waters. Three or four years ago this sort of proposal from the Japs would have almost produced a state of war, more especially on the Pacific slope. How time and conditions do change.

There may, or there may not anything of tangible value or immediate, permanent good be derived from the peace proposals of Pope Benedict, yet the world takes hope, that in the discussion certain to follow, some ray of light may trickle thru the war clouds, that the rift may be widened sufficient to let pure sunshine thru. The proposition coming from the source from whence it does, is sufficient cause for attracting attention. From no other, supposedly neutral individual on the globe, would the peace proposals receive even passive notice. A little leaven sometimes leaveneth the whole lump. May it be so in this instance.

Referring to the fact that the Fis-

cal Court recently turned down a proposition to submit the stock law question to the whole County, we believe that the Court did the proper thing. We don't know how any individual of the Court voted, nor do we care. Nearly all of the County has the stock law in full force and effect, and the whole County has voted upon this question at times, by the precinct method. There are perhaps less than a half dozen precincts wherein it is lawful to let stock run at large and these precincts have held elections upon this question and defeated the measure. It may be possible that those desiring that the entire County vote as a unit, have adopted that plan to vote over the precincts that have said they do not want the stock law in force. If that be true, or whether it be true or not, if you force the vote in the whole County, you must certainly do away with local self government, because the remainder of the County says to Rosine and Select Precincts, you shall not let your stock run at large, when in fact 19 out of every 20 may vote for stock running at large in these particular Precincts. As a matter of course there is generally two sides to all questions. The writer is, personally for the proposition of every man keeping his stock in due bounds, but he is also just as strong for the proposition that each precinct govern its own affairs along this line and if it sees fit, by a majority vote, to confine the stock, do so, but having a stock law in my precinct, I fail to see what right I have in saying to Centertown or any other precinct for the matter of that, you shall not let your stock graze upon your waste and uninclosed lands.

MORE TO BE FEARED THAN SMALL POX

Persons suffering with tuberculosis are a constant menace to every person with whom they come in contact unless the greatest precautions are taken. The disease kills nearly a thousand times as many people as smallpox and yet when even one person is attacked by smallpox he is rushed off to an eruptive hospital or place of seclusion from contact with others. The insidiousness of consumption and the slow manner in which it murders its victims have kept it from being regarded with the fear attached to eruptive diseases and blinded the people to the importance of using every means to combat it. But the light is breaking through the constant efforts of the State Tuberculosis Commission, aided by its Executive Secretary, Dr. W. L. Hezler, at Frankfort, who is prepared to send pamphlets treating of the disease, its prevention and cure, to any one who will write to him.

TO THE REPUBLICANS OF OHIO COUNTY

Allow me to take this method of thanking each Republican voter who so loyally supported me in the race for the Republican nomination for County Judge. Altho defeated, I gracefully submit to the will of the majority and assure my successful opponent of my hearty support and co-operation in his fight this fall. I came out of the race without any sore spots and have nothing but the best of feelings to all those who saw fit to support any of my opponents. I went into the race practically unknown except in my immediate neighborhood and have enjoyed meeting the Republicans of Ohio County.

The Republicans have nominated a good, clean ticket and there is no reason why every Republican should not get behind them and push them to victory this fall.

Again thanking all those who supported me and assuring those who did not of my kindest feeling, I am, Yours very respectfully,
J. A. BELLAMY.

WILLIAM ELDER DIES RESULT OF ACCIDENT

Mr. William Elder, an employe of the Broadway Coal Mining Co., at Simmons, died at that place on Tuesday, at noon as a result of injuries sustained when run over by a motor of the Company in its mines on last Saturday about 1 o'clock, p. m. The exact cause of the injury and accident to Mr. Elder can not be ascertained, it is presumed that in his attempt to get off of the track on which he was working, he, in some manner came into contact with charged wires, the shock throwing him to the ground. His feet and lower limbs were badly crushed, one of which had been amputated. The above injuries were perhaps the most noticeable, tho he was evidently badly injured otherwise.

Deceased was a member of Chestnut Camp, 393, W. O. W., was 33 years of age and leaves a wife and four small children. The remains were taken to Caneyville for burial on Wednesday, that being his former home.

"A fool and his money are soon parted, my son."

"Who got yours away from you, dad?"—Detroit Free Press.

NEW OFFICERS TO GET ASSIGNMENTS

SUCCESSFUL KENTUCKY AND INDIANA MEN TO BE DETACHED TO CAMP TAYLOR.

Ft. Benjamin Harrison, Ind., Aug. 15.—Within the next twenty-four hours the successful students in the Officers' Reserve cantonment will learn where they are to be assigned. Gen. Glenn is to proceed immediately to the assignment to posts of duty of the 2,800 men from Indiana, Ohio, West Virginia and Kentucky who recently received commissions.

This means that the new officers are to be assigned to battalions and companies in the new national army to be mobilized at Louisville and Chillicothe. Another development was the selection of Lieut. Col. Gignilliat, former commandant of Culver, as senior instructor to succeed Maj. Richardson.

The first training camp was to have closed on Wednesday when the men, according to rank, were to be sworn in and presented with their commissions. This ceremony has been set aside for the new order. The men, instead of participating in any ceremony, will be sworn in at once in small units.

Then they will proceed home on a few days' leave, or if Gen. Glenn orders, go at once to Louisville, Chillicothe, or to any other post to which they may be assigned. The men expected to have twelve days' leave, but this may be shortened very materially. Many will receive no leave at all.

School is almost over for the members of the present Officers' Reserve Training cantonment. All of the boys will receive their final pay checks before Wednesday. They have turned in their rifles and other equipment used in their practice. This equipment will be used by the next cantonment, starting August 27. The number who failed to obtain commissions was about fifteen to each company.

TO REPUBLICANS AND FRIENDS OF OHIO COUNTY

I wish to express thru the columns of the Republican, my sincere thanks for and appreciation of all interest manifested in my behalf while a candidate for the Republican nomination for Jailor of Ohio County, in the recent primary. Loyalty to principles of the old party, especially at this time is more permanently fixed with me than heretofore. The ticket nominated on Aug. 4th, is a good one and deserving of the support and best efforts of us all, be he defeated candidate or otherwise. It shall be my pleasure to do my part in the election of the whole ticket.

Truly,
E. E. TINSLEY.
Hartford, Aug. 15, 1917.

MRS. MASON'S LETTER REPRODUCED

Owing to the rush of both author and editor last week some vital errors of punctuation were overlooked. In Mrs. Mason's card, therefore we reprint same this week.

To the Republicans of Ohio county and to all my friends who helped me in any way:

Allow me to express my sincere appreciation for your interest, support and favors shown me during the past few months.

While I met defeat I do not feel that my time was lost at all. The experience was educative to me, as well as pleasant to meet so many nice people.

The National platform of the Republican, Socialist, and Democratic parties approve of women voting. Our state law gives women suffrage on school questions, and as the homes and schools are so vitally connected I feel that this is not only right but just. It is one of the coming issues to be met. Old precedents, old customs will eventually be swept away as well as many of our laws now on the statute books.

I feel the sooner we comprehend this the sooner we will have taken a long stride toward success.

In trying to adjust ourselves to the new order of things, we realize that women have responsibilities as well as men and in more things than in the past.

"The spiritualized life of any home is the only true measure of its worth. Immaculate house keeping and household slavery are now understood not to be real home making," by which I mean that scientific knowledge of home making saves a great outlay of time, money and strength and presents possibilities of better management, more wisely directed energy, etc., thereby giving the woman time for social, educational and cultural improvement.

"These include all influences that broaden and sweeten life."

Women cannot in this day and time do household drudgery all the

time and at the same time make an attractive home that will hold boys from the glare and glare of other attractions.

A bright, cheerful home with good music, a well selected library and above all a rested and cheerful mother will stand the competition of the nearest town far better than a cheerless home with a tired, worn-out hollow-eyed mother who seeks to get rid of her noisy, energetic children rather than to hold, direct, and enjoy them, women must be relieved of drudgery to a certain extent before they can spiritualize their home.

But I want to thank the ladies who so nobly and bravely helped to pave the first step in this issue.

Let us make a conservative and studied effort to vote to the best interests of our children in the educational line. Vote for your trustees. Vote for your Superintendent. Take vital interest.

Believing that any one who can fairly beat me in as earnest a race as I have tried to make, is well worthy of my support, I am hereby pledging myself. May success be his.

Sincerely,

MRS. I. S. MASON.

CHINA IN WAR ON CENTRAL POWERS

WASHINGTON RECEIVES OFFICIAL NOTICE OF DECLARATION.

London, Aug. 14.—Reuter's Limited has been officially informed that China has declared war upon Germany and Austria-Hungary, the declaration dating from 10 o'clock this morning.

China is the seventeenth nation to array itself with the Entente countries against the Central Powers. The decision of the Chinese Cabinet to declare war on Germany and Austria-Hungary was reached on August 2, and the action of the members of the Ministry was approved by Feng Kwo Chang, the acting President of the republic.

The seventeen countries now in the war on the side of the Entente follow: Great Britain, France, Russia, United States, Belgium, Italy, Japan, Rumania, Serbia, Montenegro, Greece, Cuba, Portugal, San Marino, Siam, Liberia and China.

Adapting Himself.

The impecunious suitor was suing for the hand of the heiress.

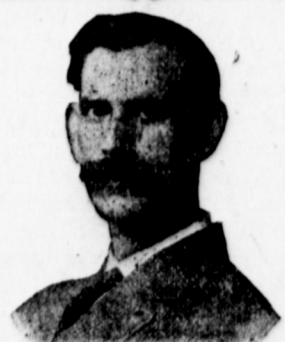
"But my daughter has been accustomed to every luxury," remonstrated her father.

"Oh, that's all right," replied the impecunious suitor. "You'll find that I'm a sort of luxury myself."—Judge.



The above will be recognized as a good likeness of Worth Tichenor, who led in the recent contest for the Republican nomination for Jailor of Ohio County. Mr. Tichenor is a farmer and has been all of his life. He was reared in the Centertown community and now resides in the western part of West Hartford Precinct. Mr. Tichenor's splendid showing in his race with the other ten good men is evidence of the fact that he is an exceedingly strong candidate and he is certain to come under the wire well in front of his opponent on November the 6th, next.

NOTE—In the unusual rush of making up the paper last week, we by accident omitted Mr. Tichenor from the list of successful candidates. Hence the article this week.



PROF. E. S. HOWARD

Republican nominee for Superintendent of Schools of Ohio county.

MARRIAGE LICENSE ISSUED SINCE OUR LAST REPORT

W. P. R. Wilson, Logansport, to Minnie Hazel Miller, Cromwell.

G. W. Martin, Cromwell, to Mary Drake, Cromwell.

Ernest E. Miller, Olaton, to Zilpha Brown, Horse Branch.

S. W. Cook, Arnold, to Arvilla Albin, Arnold.

GOOD BYE

Straw Hats

August 8th is the beginning of the end of our Straw Hat business.

We don't want to carry over a Straw Hat---

WE WONT.

We have placed a goodbye price on every straw hat in the house. We have looked our stock over, bid goodbye to every hat, and marked all our elegant \$1.00 hats at 75c: \$1.50 at \$1.00, \$2.00 at \$1.25, \$2.50 at \$1.50, \$3.00 at \$2.00, \$5.00 Panamas at \$3.50.

And so it goes. If you want a straw hat hat for little or nothing, call at once, as we will be sold out in a very few days, for in some cases, the bands are worth more than we ask for the hats.

Carson & Co.

INCORPORATED

Hartford, Ky.

STRAY STREAKS.

(By Fluke McFluke.)

Ernest Birkhead, the undertaker, says there is one good thing about his business, that is, no one who has ever used his goods, so far as known, has been heard to kick.

Ten new subscribers were added to this paper last week. No, of course they had no way of knowing that this stuff would be shelved by the primary election news of last issue. So the men we toil for told us to get busy. Hence we are back on the works.

Garden Stories.

Uncle Bob Iler claims to be the champion gardener of the Rough River Valley, says he is now growing the fifth consecutive crop on the same spot of ground, first: He grew potatoes, then a luxuriant crop of ordinary weeds, then crop-grass smothered the weeds and morning-glories took the weeds and he thinks that there are perhaps about 2 tons of jimson per acre where he first planted spuds. The last two crops growing he says makes his place look like a regular flower garden.

By-the-way, speaking of gardens &c., Squire Dean of Dundee was down here last week and the Squire told Ernest Birkhead that he had the best garden he ever laid eyes on. Said he had three peach trees in his garden, one of which was full of Kentucky Wonder and the others loaded with butter beans. He says he pulled up a jimson stalk the other day and found 4 potatoes "didn't say whether they were sweet or of the Irish variety" growing on the roots of said jimson, as large as goose eggs. Squire Dean further stated he had tomatoes growing on ragweeds or ragweeds on tomatoes, Birk was not sure which way it was. Birkhead claims to have investigated this garden stuff of the Squire's and found that he didn't have any garden at all, that the thing Squire calls a garden is a little thrown-out weed patch that Mrs. Dean cultivated in garden truck last year, that the potatoes and tomatoes were volunteer plants and that Mrs. Dean perhaps did plant beans around the peach trees for the reason that she could never get the Squire to stick beans for her. Birkhead says he further found that Squire Dean does nothing much, aside from talking politics and running for magistrate and trying to

fool some good Democrat into voting for himself for Squire.

It is said that about one hundred lunatics were arrested in Washington last month. Does that mean that we will have to hold special elections to fill vacancies in Congress?

Noticing that the Government was arranging to put jayroiding on the blink in order to conserve the gasoline supply, we've decided that we would not buy that 7 passenger touring car just yet.

That Salt River Excursion party appears to have made the round trip without mishap or undue hindrance, as we have seen most all of those who took passage and they yet have a glad hand and generally speaking, a broad smile on their return.

Capt. Cox says bacon has got so durned high a fellow can't even get a piece of meat skin to grease his old hand-saw.

Duke, the foreman says, since he has been feeding his chickens on feed at 5 cents per pound the feathers in his old rooster's tail have turned downward, as if ashamed to eat the stuff.

We "smelt" ham cooking over at Ransie Martin's the other day and our wife had to go out and get some of the neighbors to tie me up until balmy breezes wafted the aforesaid odor hence.

When Doc Riley and Doc Ford received their commissions, we thought they would soon be gone and then a fellow would have two more chances, but along about that time Doc Taylor ups and buys himself a fiver, thereby enabling him to get to two or three where he used to get to one.

"Blessed are the peacemakers"—not the keepers of the peace, but the makers of it. That shuts out the folks who tell unpleasant things they hear, for even though they may indulge in no rackets themselves, they certainly promote them among other folks.—Southern Agriculturist.

Turn About.

He was going to propose, but before doing so he wished to make sure she was a competent girl. So he asked her:

"Can you wash dishes?"

"Yes," she said sweetly. "Can you wipe them?"

He didn't propose.—Yale Record.

Prices Reduced!



The summer months are fast drawing to a close. We find that we have a considerable quantity of wash materials on hand that need to be turned into cash, hence we have decided, notwithstanding the present high prices, to make a sacrifice in the reduction of all summer wash fabrics. This means a saving to you.

- All 10c Lawns and Voils, now..... 8c
- All 15c Voils, Batiste and Lawns.... 11c
- All 20c Wash materials..... 17c
- All 25c Wash goods..... 21c
- All 40c Lawns and Voils..... 29c

These prices hold good until next Saturday. A good time to save money. McCall patterns carried in stock. Buy at home, and remember that it pays to trade with a house that saves you money.

FAIR & CO.

THE FAIR DEALERS

Hartford Republican.

FRIDAY AUGUST 10

L., H. & ST. L. R. R. TIME TABLE.
No. 113 due at Ellimitch 8:32 p. m.
No. 110 due at Ellimitch 7:30 a. m.
No. 112 Lv. Ellimitch ... 3:40 p. m.
Ar. Irvington ... 5:35 p. m.
Lv. Irvington ... 5:55 p. m.
Ar. Louisville ... 7:40 p. m.
No. 111 Lv. Louisville ... 8:35 a. m.
Ar. Irvington ... 10:06 a. m.
Lv. Irvington ... 10:40 a. m.
Ar. Ellimitch ... 1:04 p. m.
M., H. & E. R. R. TIME TABLE.
South Bound, No. 115—
Due at Hartford ... 8:45 a. m.
North Bound, No. 114—
Due at Hartford ... 5:55 p. m.
(Both "Mixed Trains.")

Personal News and Social Events.

See Eck Rial for Kindling Wood.
Mr. E. H. Nabours, of Olaton, was here Monday.
Buy that Cook Stove you need from Acton Bros. 612
See Hartford Mill Co., for Lime, Plaster and Cement.
Mr. Alva Faught, of Olaton, was in Hartford Monday.
Mr. Robert Hunter of Smallhouse, was in Hartford last Monday.
TURNIP SEED may be had by calling on W. E. ELLIS & BRO.
SISAL Binder Twine while it lasts, 18 cents per pound, at W. E. Ellis & Bro.
Rev. J. H. Embrey, of Route 3, Beaver Dam, was in town last Saturday.
Mr. J. T. Moore of Elizabethtown, was here Monday and Tuesday visiting relatives.
Mr. Fred Cooper of Beaver Dam, is in Hot Springs, Ark., for a three weeks sojourn.
Mr. J. A. Bellamy, of Deanfield, recent candidate for County Judge was in Hartford Monday.
Miss Nancy Ford, of Greenville, came up Sunday to visit her father, Dr. E. W. Ford and family.
Mr. and Mrs. Howard Ellis, went to Owensboro, last Saturday to visit relatives, returning Sunday.

Miss Bessie Keown, of Rockport, Ind., is visiting relatives here.
The Big Beautiful Rockport, Ind., Fair, Aug. 22 23 24 and 25, 1917.
W. E. Ellis & Bro., have the little Whippoorwill peas for late sowing.
Wilbur Keown, of near Fordsville, is visiting his brother, Roy Keown, and family.
Lieut. Gilmore Keown is expected home first of next week, to remain some ten days.
Mrs. Bettie Tichenor was appointed and qualified as guardian of Nannie Tichenor on the 14th.
Mr. M. T. Likens and wife visited the family of Mr. and Mrs. Bernard Felix, of Rome, some days since.
Bring your produce to us and get the best market price.
612 **ACTON BROS.**
LIME—We now have on hand an ample supply of barrel Lime. Call on us.
W. E. ELLIS & BRO.
We carry a regular line of repairs for McCormick and Deering Mowers. W. E. ELLIS & BRO.
Those good cats—the kind that tickles the palate—at Petty's Restaurant, Petty's old stand. 614
When in need of a nice piece of Furniture call on the Furniture Dealers. **ACTON BROS.** 612
Mrs. C. O. Hunter and Miss Ruth Riley, after spending ten days at Dawson Springs, returned home Sunday.
Mrs. R. R. Riley and children, who are visiting the family of Mr. J. H. Hix, of Sutherland, will return home Monday.
Mr. L. E. Everly and Mrs. Everly of Mantanzas, were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. P. B. Taylor on last Sunday.
Mr. H. M. Pirtle of Route 1, went to Louisville last Monday. Mr. Pirtle was in charge of a shipment of A. S. of E. stock.
County Clerk, W. C. Blankenship has moved into the residence recently vacated by Prof. H. E. Brown, on Walnut Street.
We have more Road Wagons than we need. So we want to sell them. The Owensboro—best made.
612 **ACTON BROS.**
Arthur Petty is back at his old stand, serving those delicious lunches. He is also putting out the coldest drinks in town. 614
W. E. Ellis & Bro., have three Deering Mowers and Rakes left, which will close them out for the season. Prices right.

Mrs. Vernon Ligon of Hopkinsville, is expected next week on a visit to Dr. J. R. Pirtle and family.
Misses Ruth Stewart and Minnie Cooper of Cromwell, were the guests of Miss Maurine Martin from Tuesday until to-day.
Sheriff and Mrs. S. O. Keown went to Louisville, today. Mr. Keown will make a business trip to Cincinnati, Ohio, while absent.
Mr. H. Y. Taylor, of Whitesville, after spending two or three days here the guest of Mr. B. H. Ellis, returned to his home yesterday.
Geo. Calvin Keown, son of Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Keown, of Nashville, Tenn., is visiting his grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. Cal P. Keown.
WANTED—All kinds of junk, hides, wool, feathers and roots.
D. L. D. SANDEFUR,
Beaver Dam, Ky.
Mrs. Jno. T. Moore and daughters, Mary Ellen and Isabelle, of Elizabethtown, arrived here yesterday for a week's visit with relatives.
Miss Gorin Fleener has accepted a position in the High School at Harrisburg, Ark., under Prof. H. E. Brown, who recently left for that place.
The Ohio County Republican Executive Committee has been called to meet here tomorrow at 10 o'clock, a. m. A full meeting is desired.
Petty's Restaurant, conducted by Arthur himself, is serving the lunches like you used to get there. Yes, the drinks are ice cold. 614
Mrs. J. A. Bennett, after spending this week and last, visiting relatives in the No Creek neighborhood, is expected to return home tomorrow.
Rev. O. L. Smith, of Utica, delivered two good sermons, here at the Baptist Church on last Sunday morning and evening, to fair sized audiences.
Rev. S. E. Harlan, pastor of the local Christian Church, accompanied by his family, is conducting a revival meeting at Valley Grove, Davies County.
The Hartford Bottling Works, after remaining idle during all of the present year, resumed operations recently, under the supervision of Jesse Hoover.
Mrs. A. V. McFee of Middlesboro, is making an extended visit to her mother, Mrs. M. McCormick of Route 2, and to her sister Mrs. L. T. Riley of this place.
Mr. I. S. Mason and family moved from this place to Taylor Mines on last Friday. Mrs. Mason will teach the fall and winter term of school at the latter place.
Mrs. Edwin W. Cooper and little daughter Ann, who has been visiting Mrs. C. M. Barnett some time, returned to their home in Nashville, Tenn., on last Sunday.
Mrs. C. A. Wilson, who has been spending the past week visiting her father, J. W. York and family, of Route 1, will return to her home in Dyersburg, Tenn., today.
Mrs. J. W. Raley and daughters, Misses Golda Mae, Grace Lee and Garnet D., of Louisville, arrived here Tuesday for a two weeks visit to Mr. and Mrs. M. L. Heavrin.
Mr. J. M. Vaughn of the Ross-Vaughn Tobacco Co., Mr. and Mrs. Bottorf, of Owensboro, were here Sunday, the guests of Mr. Mallory H. Murphree and Mrs. Murphree.
Miss Hattie Riley who had spent about ten days at Dawson Springs, left there for Union City, Tenn., where she will visit her brother, Mr. W. H. Riley and wife for a few days.
Mary Lucile, daughter of Mrs. C. R. McCallister, of Indianapolis, Ind., after being quite ill for several days, at the home of Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Porter, has almost completely recovered.
Mr. Goodell R. Wooten of near town, together with Mr. A. V. McFee of Middlesboro, are spending a couple of weeks visiting in Knoxville, Tenn., and on a camping expedition in the Cumberland Mountains.
Mr. L. R. Baird and Mrs. Baird of Palmetto, Fla., after spending a few days here the guests of Dr. S. C. Baird and family, left for Livermore the latter part of last week, for a visit with relatives and friends.
Dr. L. B. Bean of this place has made arrangements by which he is to operate and be in charge of the Davies County Fair this fall. So far we have not been informed as to the exact dates for this meeting.
Mr. J. H. B. Carson, Mrs. Carson and their daughters, Misses Mary Austin and Annie Ray, left Monday for an extended trip to Niagara Falls, Washington City, New York and various points in the East.
The Rob Roy ball team challenges any amateur team in Ohio county or adjoining counties. For further particulars write Rob Williams, general manager, Beaver Dam, Ky., or Bessie Jarrap, secretary, Roanoke, La.
The Ohio County Fair Association will meet in annual session here at its beautiful grounds on Sept. 26, 27, 28 and 29th. The Herald and Republican are now jointly engaged in getting out an attractive Premium list and Catalog.

The Ladies of Goshen M. E. Church, will give an Ice Cream Supper on Saturday night, Aug. 25th. Proceeds to go for benefit of the Church. 712
Emma E. Corley, of near Fordsville, was tried in County Court yesterday and adjudged a person of unsound mind or a lunatic and was committed to the Western Kentucky Asylum for the Insane.
Mrs. Attie Griffin has accepted a position in a Business College at Manistee, Mich. She will soon be joined by her children and will make their home in the north.
Miss Louise Maddox of McHenry, who spent several days here the guest of Misses Vera and Tina Midkiff, accompanied by Miss Vera Midkiff, returned to her home Monday. Miss Vera will likely be gone for a week.
Miss Mary Sue Johnson, of McHenry, one of Ohio County's talented teachers, has accepted a position in the Southern Shorthand and Business University, of Norfolk, Va. Miss Johnson formerly attended school here.
August 22, 23, 24 and 25 are the dates for the annual meeting of the Rockport, Ind., Fair Association. The meeting of this Association is looked forward to with pleasure, not only by the people of the Hoosier State but by many Kentuckians as well.
Harry May, left here yesterday for Memphis, Tenn., where he goes to accept a position with the I. C. R. R. Co., Engineering Department. Harry has been working for the L. & N. R. R. Co., in local depot for some time. Success to you Harry, in your new position.
Mr. R. T. Collins in the employ of Du Pont Powder Co., will return to Michigan Monday. He will be accompanied by Mrs. Collins, who will spend her vacation in the north. During her absence Miss Harriett Fleener will serve in her stead at the post office.
Keystone Chapter, No. 110, R. A. Masons will confer the degrees on nine candidates on tomorrow, beginning at 4 o'clock. Lunch will be served at 7 p. m. Royal Arch Masons from Hardinsburg, Louisville, Fordsville and Beaver Dam, will be here to assist in the work.
Have big stock of Eureka and Swans Down best patent flour. Will keep each brand in stock at all times. Will exchange either brand for wheat or corn or will sell for cash as cheap as any dealer. Will also keep bran and shipstuffs in stock at all times for exchange or cash.
614 **ELLIS MILLING Co.**
Try the Ohio County Bottling Works for Soda Water and Parfay the World's finest soft drink. Orders delivered and bottles taken up at your door. Special attention given rush orders for Picnics and Ice Cream Suppers.
The Ohio County Bottling Works, **PARKS & KING, Prop's.**
Prof. H. E. Brown and family, left here on last Saturday for Harrisburg, Ark. Prof. Brown goes to the Arkansas City to take charge of the City High Schools, as Principal. Prof. Brown and his family will be greatly missed here, not only Educationally but socially and in Church as well. For selfish reasons, this community would have been pleased to have kept these excellent people here.

ELLER'S CASH PRICES FOR FRIDAY AND SATURDAY ONLY


Sugar cost \$9.85 per hundred F. O. B. Hartford today wholesale but we have 20 bags that we are going to sell Friday and Saturday for \$9.50 at the store \$9.65 delivered and \$10.00 if charged.
100-lbs. N. O. Cane Sugar ... \$8.25
12-lbs. N. O. Cane Sugar ... 1.00
10-lbs. Peaberry Coffee ... 2.00
10-lbs. GOOD Coffee ... 1.65
1 Doz. 1/2 gal. Mason Fruit Jars85
1 Doz. qt. Mason Fruit Jars65
1 Doz. qt. Tin Cans, while they last65
One 75c Broom, 65c; two for ... 1.25
1 bbl. Salt ... 2.75
1 Gallon Syrup75
Last chance to buy Washing-ing Crisp for10
20 Cakes Lenox Soap ... 1.00
20 Cakes C. E. Soap ... 1.00
20 Cakes Rub-No-More Soap ... 1.00
20 Boxes Rub-No-More Powder 1.00
1 Gal. Heinz Vinegar40
6-lbs. Soda25
One 24-lb. Sack Best Flour ... 1.75
10-lbs. White Cane Sugar ... 1.00
1 Bag Mixed Feed ... 2.75
1 Bag Dixie Feed ... 3.25
1 Bag Velvet Meal ... 2.65
1 Can Pure Hog Lard ... 11.99
Hogs are worth over 17c per pound.
Goods charged will be at the regular price.

MORGAN'S MEN TO HOLD REUNION SEPTEMBER 5-7

Lexington, Ky., Aug. 14.—The Morgan's Men Association today issued calls for the annual reunion of the cavalry veterans at Olympian Springs September 5, 6 and 7.

DAWSON TO GET \$3,000,000 HOTEL

KARLSBAD COMPANY OF AMERICA TAKES OVER OTHER RESORT PROPERTY.

Hopkinsville, Ky., Aug. 16.—Announcement was made to-day by Theodore R. Troendle, of this city, president and treasurer, that the Karlsbad Hotel Company of America will immediately begin the erection of a \$3,000,000 eight-story hotel of 1,048 rooms at Dawson Springs. The company, which is organized under the laws of Delaware with a capital stock of \$5,000,000, owns 800 acres of park ground with an eminence on which the hotel will be built. Golf courses will be laid out and there will be an artificial lake of seventy-six acres. A nearby tract of land, containing 500 acres, will be used as game preserves.
A five-year contract has been made with L. M. Boomer, of New York, to be the managing director. That position he now occupies with the McAlpin Hotel, of New York City.
The officers of the company are: T. R. Troendle, president and treasurer; D. B. McBee, vice president; L. M. Boomer, managing director; Will P. Scott, Secretary; Miss Helen Royalty, assistant secretary. The hotel is to be finished within two years. Two smaller hotels of 200 rooms each will be built next spring.
The Karlsbad Company, Mr. Troendle says, has acquired the following other companies in Dawson: The Dawson Springs Company, the Dawson Hotel Company, the Arcadia Hotel Company and the Karlsbad Mining Company. It is stated that \$150,000 of the preferred stock will be used in developing coal property owned by the company on the new right of way being built by the Illinois Central between Dawson and Providence. Mr. Troendle says that the Illinois Central has agreed to build a new station at Dawson and will give the resort sleeping car service with all the principal cities in the country.

The foregoing is a fair likeness of S. E. Bennett, Democratic nominee for Sheriff of Ohio County. Mr. Bennett was reared upon a farm but came to Hartford some three or four years ago, since which time he has been engaged in the feed and livery business. Mr. Bennett made the race for the Democratic nomination four years ago but was defeated by T. E. Butler, now deceased. The nomination went to him this time without opposition. Mr. Bennett is promising to make a thorough canvass and should he be elected will do his utmost to perform the duties of the office in a creditable manner.
SHERIFF'S SALE.
The Commonwealth of Kentucky, Ohio Circuit Court:
E. E. Birkhead, Deputy Master Com'r., Ohio Circuit Court, Pl't., vs
R. P. Beck and G. A. Hunter, Defendants.
By virtue of a judgment and levy of Execution No. 911, which was issued to me from the Ohio Circuit Court on the 20th day of Feb. 1917, in favor of the said E. E. Birkhead, D. C. O. C., against the aforesaid R. P. Beck & Co., for debt on a sale bond \$175.00 with 6 per cent interest from December 14, 1915 until paid, and 60 cents cost, plus the cost of this advertisement and sale, I will on Monday Sept., the 3rd, 1917, at about the hour of one o'clock, p. m., at the Court house door, Hartford, Ky., offer at public auction to the highest and best bidder, on a credit of six and twelve months, the following described land or so much thereof as may be necessary to satisfy Plaintiff's debt, interest and all costs, viz:
A certain tract of parcel of land in Ohio County, Ky., on the waters of Pond Run Creek and bounded as follows: Beginning at a stone, S. C. Hunter's N. E. corner in James Wilson's line; thence with his line S. 86 1/2 E. 57 poles to a stone in the Hartford and Paradise road; thence with the same S. 17 1/2 W. 38 3-5 poles; S. 50 2-5 poles to a stone on said road, W. B. Fulkerson's corner; thence with his line and said road N. 86 W. 48 1/2 poles to the beginning, containing 396 acres, more or less. Reserving the coal and other mineral, it having heretofore been conveyed. This is the

east portion of a tract of 682 a. deeded to N. G. Hunter by S. C. Hunter & Co., April 10th, 1901. Deed of record in Deed Book No. 30, page 294, Ohio County Court Clerk's Office. And conveyed to Geo. W. Hunter by N. J. Hunter on May 10th, 1905, by deed of record in Deed Book No. 30, page 334 in said office. There is reserved and excepted from the foregoing boundary and not included in this levy or sale, the following described tract or parcel of land viz: A parcel of land in Ohio County, Ky., on the Hartford and Paradise road and known as a portion of the old Russell homestead and part of the survey deeded by N. J. Hunter to G. W. Hunter, May 10th, 1905. Deed of record in Ohio County Court Clerk's Office in Deed Book No. 30, page 334.
Beginning with the angle of the said Hartford and Paradise road at a stone on the W. B. Fulkerson line; thence 86 W. 48 1/2 poles to a stone; Hartford and Paradise road; thence N. 40 1/2 poles to a stone in S. C. Hunter's line; thence 86 E. 46 1/2 poles to a stone on the Hartford and Paradise road; thence S. with said road to the beginning, containing 12 acres, more or less.
All coal and mineral rights reserved.
The purchaser will be required to execute bond with good and approved security, immediately after the sale.
Given under my hand, as Sheriff of Ohio County, this 16th day of August, A. D., 1917.
S. O. KBOWN, S. O. C.

TROOPS ROUND UP KENTUCKY MINERS

STATE TROOPS IN WESTERN KENTUCKY SEEK BAND OF 100.

Madisonville, Ky., Aug. 14.—Troops of the Kentucky Brigade are here several hundred strong scouring Webster, Union and Hopkins counties for a band of miners 100 strong who are sought on the charge of conspiring against and firing on Federal troops. Nine already have been rounded up and are confined in a stockade at Providence prior to being taken to Owensboro. The arrests are being made in connection with the pitched battle between miners' pickets and mine guards and troops two weeks ago at the Diamond mine at Clay.
Among the nine men already under arrest are the president of the Clay local of the United Mine Workers of America, an organizer and a small country mine owner. The others are union miners. Two carloads of troops from Louisville came here last night to aid in the roundup. It is believed that fully thirty or forty of the wanted men have escaped in Illinois. Col. E. B. Bassett, of the Third Regiment is here in command of the troops.
The men confined in the stockade at Providence are Kell Tosh, who organized the Clay local; Tom Morgan, president of the union at Clay; John Braden, a mine owner; Charles Christopher and Alfred Messamore, of Wheatcraft, and Emmett Hays, Enoch Hearin, Guy Brown and Grover Brown, of Clay, all union miners.
These men and about eighty others are accused of firing on the tipple of the Diamond mine at Clay, where mine guards were on duty. Several thousand shots were fired, but no one was hurt.
For Sale, For Sale.
On account of being drafted into the army I have for sale one Work Horse, one Spring Wagon, one complete Moving Picture Outfit, one Edison Phonograph with about 4 dozen records, one Bennett Typewriter, and one Ford Automobile.
I will sell the above items at bargain prices.
SHELBY M. SOUTHWARD,
712p Beaver Dam, Ky., Route 2.
CENTERTOWN.
Mr. Jim Coleman of Paradise returned home Sunday after an extensive visit to Mr. Mack Benton.
Mrs. and Mrs. Carl Benton and children of Louisville returned home Friday after a short visit to relatives here.
Mr. and Mrs. E. C. Clemons and little daughter of Judsonia, Ark., spent a few days with Mrs. S. E. Matthew's family last week.
Miss Kayte Belle and Ruth Duncan of Bowling Green are the guests of relatives here.
Miss Mary Blackburn of Central City spent a few days last week with Miss Maude Calloway.
Mr. Albert Rowe spent the week end at the Point.
Mr. and Mrs. H. D. Burch of Horse Branch visited relatives here from Friday till Sunday.
Misses Mattie and Lottie Kuykendoll, of No Creek, Ethel and Eva Morton and Lillian Quigg of Livermore are the guests of Mrs. J. L. Smith.
Mr. Mack Benton has passed the Officers Reserve Corps examination and will leave Aug. 27 for Fort Benjamin Harrison.

Farm Department

Government Crop Report.

Washington, D. C., Aug. 8, 1917.
A summary of the July crop report for the State of Kentucky and for the United States, as compiled by the Bureau of Crop Estimates, and transmitted through the Weather Bureau, U. S. Department of Agriculture, is as follows:

CORN

State—August 1 forecast, 129,600,000 bushels; production last year (December estimate), 95,200,000 bushels.

United States—August 1 forecast, 3,190,000,000 bushels; production last year, (December estimate), 2,583,241,000 bushels.

ALL WHEAT

State—August 1 forecast, 8,920,000 bushels; production last year, (December estimate), 8,010,000 bushels.

United States—August 1 forecast, 653,000,000 bushels; production last year, (December estimate), 639,886,000 bushels.

OATS

State—August 1 forecast, 6,970,000 bushels; production last year, (December estimate), 6,500,000 bushels.

United States—August 1 forecast, 1,460,000,000 bushels; production last year (December estimate), 1,251,992,000 bushels.

TOBACCO

State—August 1 forecast, 442,000,000 pounds; production last year (December estimate), 435,600,000 pounds.

United States—August 1 forecast, 1,270,000,000 pounds, production last year, (December estimate), 1,150,622,000 pounds.

POTATOES

State—August 1 forecast, 5,990,000 bushels; production last year (December estimate), 4,116,000 bushels.

United States—August 1 forecast, 467,000,000 bushels; production last year (December estimate), 285,437,000 bushels.

SWEET POTATOES

State—August 1 forecast, 1,175,000 bushels; production last year (December estimate), 900,000 bushels.

United States—August 1 forecast, 86,400,000 bushels; production last year (December estimate), 70,955,000 bushels.

ALL HAY

State—August 1 forecast, 1,140,000 tons; production last year, (December estimate), 1,421,000 tons.

United States—August 1 forecast, 100,000,000 tons; production last year (December estimate), 109,786,000 tons.

APPLES (Agricultural Crop)

State—August 1 forecast, 2,870,000 barrels; production last year (December estimate), 2,147,000 barrels.

United States—August 1 forecast, 62,600,000 barrels of 3 bushels; production last year (December estimate), 67,415,000 barrels.

PEACHES

State—August 1 forecast, 1,144,000 bushels; production last year, (December estimate), 880,000 bushels.

United States—August 1 forecast, 42,690,000 bushels; production last year (December estimate), 36,939,000 bushels.

HEMP

State—August 1 forecast, 14,000,000 pounds; production last year (December estimate), 12,250,000 pounds.

The first price given below is the average on August 1 this year, and the second the average on August 1 last year.

State—Wheat, 235 and 120 cents per bushel. Corn, 191 and 87. Oats, 82 and 52. Potatoes, 161 and 74. Hay, \$16.20 and \$12.30 per ton. Eggs 27 and 28 cents per dozen.

United States—Wheat, 228.9 and 107.1 cents per bushel. Corn, 196.6 and 79.4 cents. Oats, 73.7 and 40.1 cents. Potatoes, 170.8 and 95.4 cents. Hay, \$13.42 and \$10.68 per ton. Cotton, 24.3 and 12.6 cents per pound. Eggs, 29.8 and 20.7 cents per dozen.

Here's a Tonic for Your Hogs.

Many of the condimental stock-foods on the market have a low value, owing to the fact that they are diluted with dirt and other material which has no medicinal or feeding value. All animals, hogs especially, should be furnished some mineral substances in their feed. A home-made mixture which has been used with success in several States, and is recommended by the United States Department of Agriculture, has the following composition:

Crushed charcoal—1 bu.
Hardwood ashes—1 bu.
Salt—8 lbs.
Air-slacked lime—8 lbs.
Filtered sulphur—4 lbs.
Pulverized iron sulfate (copperas)—2 lbs.
Mix the lime, salt and sulphur, then add this mixture to the charcoal and wood ashes, and then

thoroughly mix the whole. Dissolve the iron sulfate in two parts of warm—not hot—water and sprinkle over the pile, mixing it in thoroughly. Keep some of this mixture in a box before the hogs at all times.

With the population of the nation increasing at the rate of 2,000,000 annually, the United States will have 150,000,000 people to feed in 1950 according to the statistics recently given out. This will require an increase in cereal production of nearly 100,000,000 bushels and an unusual increase in live stock production. In 1906, 584,239 beef cattle were exported, but in 1914 only 18,376 cattle were sent out; the pork exportation exceeded 1,500,000,000 pounds in 1906, but now it has dwindled to nearly 900,000,000. Meanwhile South American countries are exporting food products to the United States while prices of all food stuffs are growing higher. To meet this growing demand increased production and more economical methods are necessary.

A Farmers' Club is an informal association of a group of people in a community for the improvement of themselves and their homes in particular and the community in general.

Pigs which come early in the fall should be given a good start so as to make it profitable to feed them during the winter. Therefore, feed the sow and pigs quite liberally. A brood sow on full feed should get about 4 per cent. of her weight in grain.

Send to the Experiment Station for a set of free blue prints and barn plans.

Special Methods to Increase Yields of Wheat and Rye.

Specialists of the Department of Agriculture and the State Agricultural Colleges hope that by better methods the average yield per acre will be at least maintained where there is a fertilizer shortage and will be increased in other sections. Much educational work will be done to make this desire an actuality, and in this campaign the most successful growers will have a prominent part. For instance, it is stated that on the land that could be sown to fall wheat this autumn, it is possible materially to increase the yield per acre by putting into practice some principles that are already well known to most farmers. These should appeal especially to those who cannot increase their usual acreages without doing injustice to other crops which should be grown.

These principles may be summed up as follows:

- 1—Plow early. Give the plowed land two months to settle before sowing where possible.
- 2—Compact the late-plowed land with roller and harrow.
- 3—Don't plow after a cultivated crop. Prepare such land with disk and harrow.
- 4—Make the seed bed a fit place for the seed.
- 5—Sow with drill, sound, plump, clean seed of adapted variety.
- 6—Prevent losses from smut by treating infected seed with formaldehyde.
- 7—Make the soil fertile with manure or fertilizers applied judiciously where needed.
- 8—Reduce winter killing by following the above suggestions.

Tremendous Effort and Co-operation Necessary.

The accomplishment of this great increase of wheat and rye acreage without disrupting correct farming practice will call for tremendous effort on the part of farmers. However, the U. S. Department of Agriculture, the State Colleges of Agriculture, and other State and local agencies are planning to aid in every way possible.

Ask Anyone Who Has Used It.
There are families who always aim to keep a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Diarrhoea Remedy in the house for use in case it is needed, and find that it is not only a good investment but saves them no end of suffering. As to its reliability, ask anyone who has used it.

CAMELS CARRY POTASH ACROSS AFRICAN DESERT

New York, Aug. 12.—A local potash expert today gave a remarkable account of how the war has brought about changes in the production of that valuable substance. So valuable has potash become with the great German supply cut off that Italian chemical men are now getting potash from deposits in far-off Abyssinia, carrying it in small quantities on the backs of camels across a waterless desert to the Red Sea and then shipping it to Europe at a handsome profit.

SCOTLAND YARD SYSTEM FOR U. S.

GERMAN SPIES TO BE ROUNDED UP BY MOST SCIENTIFIC METHODS.

New York, Aug. 11.—Scotland Yard, world-famous cradle of English detectives, is to be the model for the United States National Intelligence Service created to exterminate the audacious German spy and make impossible further "leaks" likely to imperil by U-boats our soldiers on their way to France.

"The Yard" is the headquarters of London's metropolitan police. What we will copy is the "special department"—the secret police force engaged on "political work" for the whole empire.

"Silence and secrecy" is the motto at "The Yard," where "news" is absolutely never given out. Every morning Sir Edward Henry, the Commissioner, holds a "council of seven." At these twenty-minute sessions, at which the aides sit around "the chief" like school children before their teacher, plans are decided upon that may start wheels of the gigantic machine moving in most distant parts of the world.

When Scotland Yard goes after a man it lands him. It doesn't defeat itself by allowing a press agent to give all the latest and prospective developments to the newspapers. Items like: "Three spies were shot in the Tower of London this morning" have been the only visible signs of the Yard's activities during the last two and a half years.

Scotland Yard can teach our sleuths much about the habits of the Teutonic spy. It knows the big men are buried deep, and are high in the confidence of the government upon which they are spying. It knows a German educated in England, masquerading as an Englishman and commissioned in the British navy, blew up Kitchener.

Thirty thousand of the "little fellows" who were on Scotland Yard's blacklist were rounded up in England the first week of the war. Then the secret service laid for the master spies, men who for years had been planted in the War Office and other government departments. It took months of the cleverest kind of espionage to rout out these arch spies. For many months England was accused of being "spy-mad." But she was "spy-mad" with good cause. She took no chances. She removed Prince Louis of Blattenberg from his naval command and forced into oblivion Lord Haldane, Lord High Chancellor and former War Minister, because of his friendship with the Kaiser.

The United States is beginning to understand what it means to have military secrets supposedly known to only a few high officers sent to Wilhelmstrasse. Our new Scotland Yard secret service is relied on to stop this spying.

CANCELS VALUE OF COINS HOARDED UP

Berlin, Aug. 11.—An investigation of the causes of the shortage of small coins in Germany has brought surprising disclosures. It was ascertained that many millions of copper, nickel and silver coins disappeared from circulation because they were hidden by the public, especially by the population of the rural districts, which always had an aversion against paper money and never considered this kind of currency safe enough even in time of peace.

To drag the hidden coins out of the "stocking banks" the government has taken drastic steps. An order of the Treasury Department, just issued, announced that all one, two, five, ten, twenty and fifty pfennigs and one and two mark pieces, issued before January 1, 1917, will be worthless after September 1, if they are not in circulation on that date.

This order has promptly thrown a scare into the "coin-gophers" which approaches a panic. Throngs of farmers, women and workmen everywhere hasten to the banks with bags full of copper, nickel and silver money to exchange their hoards for bills. Some of the gophers still hesitate to part with their treasures, but there is no doubt that they will do so before the time limit granted to them expires.

All copper and nickel coins will be replaced by aluminum coins or "shin-plasters," because the copper and nickel are badly needed for the manufacture of war material, but it is not intended at present to withdraw any silver coins from circulation.

MRS. AXTON GRANTED ABSOLUTE DIVORCE

Owensboro, Ky., Aug. 11.—The long-drawn-out divorce suit of Woodford F. Axton versus Jessie Jolly Axton was brought to a close in Circuit Court at 7:30 o'clock tonight

when Judge R. W. Slack entered judgment dismissing the plaintiff's petition for divorce on the ground of desertion and granting an absolute divorce to the defendant on the ground of cruel and inhuman treatment. The court withheld its decision as to the amount of alimony that will be allowed Mrs. Axton until next Thursday.

Attorneys for Mr. Axton asked that the court render its decision at once, which was not granted.

Judge Slack in announcing the decision stated that the plaintiff's and defendant's testimony were directly contradictory and that outside evidence would have to be considered before he could arrive at a decision as to the amount to which Mrs. Axton was entitled.

Burton Vance, of Louisville, made the final argument in the case, representing Mr. Axton. He talked six hours and thirty minutes.

The case has been a very important one and has occupied a great deal of the time of the court and for that reason many were not surprised when a decision was given by Judge Slack immediately following the trial.

Neither the plaintiff nor the defendant were present when the decision was announced. Mrs. Axton is the daughter of George W. Jolly, a lawyer, of this city, and Mr. Axton is a widely-known tobacco dealer of Louisville.

Pains, Dizzy Spells

Mrs. G. P. Cartwright, of Whitwell, Tenn., writes: "I suffered with bearing-down pains. . . The dizzy spells got so bad that when I would start to walk I would just pretty nearly fall. . . Was very much run-down. I told my husband I thought Cardui would help me. . . He got me a bottle. . . It helped me so much that he got me another bottle. I got a whole lot better. The dizzy spells and the bearing-down pains . . . left me entirely. . . If you are weak and run-down, or suffer from womanly pains,

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Respectfully yours,

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FIGURES COST IN MEN AND GOLD

GERMAN NEWSPAPER PRINTS FIGURES ON WORLD WAR FOR THREE YEARS.

Berlin, Aug. 11.—The Berliner Tageblatt sums up the results of the war to date as follows:

War loans, \$87,000,000,000; loss in dead and wounded, 24,000,000 men; killed, 7,000,000 men; crippled for life, 5,000,000 men; loss through decrease of birth rate in all belligerent countries, 9,000,000 men.

"The gold production of the world during the last 500 years amounted to \$15,000,000,000, or less than one-fifth of the cost of the awful war," the paper continues. "In five-dollar gold pieces the \$87,000,000,000 raised in war loans would form a belt that could be wound around the earth nine times. The funeral cortege of the 7,000,000 men killed would reach from Paris to Vladivostok, if one hears followed the other."

Combined Debt.

"When the war began the combined public debt of all European States was a little over \$25,000,000,000, and now it is over \$112,000,000,000. The British merchant fleet in 1814 represented a value of about \$950,000,000. That is less than the annual interest England now has to pay for her war debt. Before the war Germany exported goods to the amount of \$113,000,000 per year to the British colonies. By cutting off this export England can eventually reimburse herself for her losses, but this will take more than 200 years. "Germany, with the amount spent by her for the war, could have bought all the cotton fields, the copper mines and the whole petroleum industry of the United States and still would have had several billion dollars left over."

Loss To Russia.

"Russia, with her war expenses, might have covered her immense territories with a net of railways as close as that of Belgium, and France, whose losses in men are larger than the entire male population of Alsace-Lorraine, could have bought all of the Portuguese and Dutch colonies with the money she sacrificed for the war."

"With the enormous wealth destroyed by the war Europe might have been made a paradise on earth instead of a howling wilderness. There is no doubt that the awful struggle would have been avoided if the nations had any idea of its enormity when it started."

NOTICE.

We again call the attention of our readers to the fact that The Republican will publish no communications unless signed by the author. Few weeks pass that anonymous articles are not received and it is not our desire to hurl newsy items into the waste basket. This anonymous communication rule is stated each week at the head of the editorial column and must be adhered to. Requests that names be omitted from print are complied with, but the manuscript must bear the writer's signature.

THE EDITOR.

To the Point.

Ascum: "I don't know whether your head over the article about Col. Lushman's death was printed the way you intended, but it was a good one."

City Editor: "Let me see. What was it?"

Ascum: "Has fought his last battle."—Puck.

You have to get behind a little sometimes to learn how to push.

PLAN PROPOSED TO HOLD DOWN PRICE OF POTATOES

Albany, N. Y., Aug. 7.—A plan intended to provide for an equalized and reasonable price for potatoes this season and to forestall efforts of food speculators to purchase and later force up prices, was outlined in a report submitted to Gov. Whitman to-day by the State Food Supply Commission. It calls for co-operation between growers and consumers and arranges in detail for this co-operation.

The indications are, says the report, that as result of State activities, "the crop of potatoes in New York will be a good percentage greater than the crop of last year."

The plan of the commission, of which Commissioner Charles S. Wilson, of the State Department of Agriculture, is chairman, is to provide for the distribution of potatoes directly from grower to consumer. The commission proposes the organization of potato growers throughout the State by counties, so that careful estimates may be made of the amount of potatoes produced. It proposes to obtain figures on the demand, the cost of production and other data, so that a fair and reason-

able price for the potatoes may be determined.

MASTER COMMISSIONER'S SALE.

Ohio Circuit Court. Oscar O. Petty, et al., Plaintiffs. vs. NOTICE. Mrs. Cordelia Petty, et al., Defendants.

By virtue of a judgment and order of sale of the Ohio Circuit Court, rendered at the September term, 1916, for the purpose of a sale and division of the proceeds among those who are entitled thereto, and for the purpose of paying the cost of this action and the cost of this sale, I will offer for sale at public auction to the highest and best bidder at the court house door in Hartford, Ky., on Monday, September 3rd, 1917, at about the hour of one o'clock p. m., the following described property, viz:

Two tracts or parcels of land in Narrows, Ohio County, Ky., and bounded as follows:

First tract—Beginning at a stone in the North line of the right of way of the I. C. R. R. near the depot; thence running with said right of way S. 57 1/2 E. 148 feet to a stone; thence N. 38 E. 148 feet to a stone; thence S. 57 1/2 W. 148 feet to a stone; thence S. 148 feet to the beginning, containing 1/2 acre, more or less, and same land conveyed to B. P. Petty by the heirs of Ed Davison on April 2, 1912, and which deed is of record in deed book 43, page 432, Ohio County Clerk's office.

Second tract—Beginning at a stone in the North boundary line of the I. C. R. R.; thence with said line N. 56 1/2 W. 48 feet; thence N. 33 E. 102 feet; thence S. 52 E. 56 1/2 feet to a stone; thence S. 38 W. 100 feet to the beginning, containing 5279 square feet, and being same land conveyed to B. P. Petty by Fitzhugh Renfrow and wife on May 22, 1899, which deed is of record in deed book 21, folio No. 592.

Each of said tracts to be sold subject to the widow's homestead.

The purchaser will be required to execute bond with approved security immediately after sale, and a lien will be retained as further security.

This August 13th, 1917. OTTO C. MARTIN, Master Commissioner.

Ernest Woodward and M. L. Heavrin Attorneys. 713

Notice To Creditors.

Ohio Circuit Court. J. L. Smith, Adm., of Mrs. Ann Hutchinson, et al., Plaintiffs. vs.

Mrs. R. C. Moore, et al., Defendants. All persons, firms and corporations having claims against the estate of Mrs. Ann Hutchinson are hereby notified to present their claims against same, properly proven, to me at my office in Hartford, Ky., on or before September 3rd, 1917.

Done by order of court at its July term, 1917, referring said case to me as Master Commissioner. This August 13, 1917.

OTTO C. MARTIN, Master Commissioner Ohio Circuit Court. 713

Notice To Creditors.

Ohio Circuit Court. Mary E. Greer, et al., Plaintiffs. vs.

B. F. Greer, et al., Defendants. All persons, firms and corporations having claims against the estate of Samuel W. Greer, or Mary E. Greer, are hereby notified to present their claims against same, properly proven, to me at my office in Hartford, Ky., on or before September 3rd, 1917.

Done by order of court at its July term, 1917, referring said case to me as Master Commissioner. This Aug. 13, 1917.

OTTO C. MARTIN, Master Commissioner Ohio Circuit Court. 713

MASTER COMMISSIONER'S SALE.

Ohio Circuit Court. T. Q. Shields, Plaintiff. vs. Notice.

Oda Haycraft, et al., Defendants. Pursuant to a judgment and order of sale of the Ohio Circuit Court rendered at its July term, 1917, for the purpose of paying the judgment in favor of the plaintiff against the defendants in the sum of \$152.22, with interest thereon at the rate of 6 per cent per annum from September 25, 1914, until paid and for the purpose of paying the cost of the above styled action, together with the cost of this sale, I will offer for sale at public auction to the highest and best bidder at the court house door in Hartford, Ky., on Monday, September 3rd, 1917, at about the hour of one o'clock p. m., upon a credit of 12 months, the following described property, to-wit:

One tract of land lying on Indian Camp Creek, in Ohio County, Ky., near Cromwell and described as follows: Bounded on the north by the lands of Mrs. S. P. Ranney; on the west by the lands of Mrs. L. R. Shields and Indian Camp Creek; on the South and East by the lands of T. Q. Shields.

Being the same land conveyed to the defendant, Oda Haycraft by the plaintiff, T. Q. Shields, and conveyed by Haycraft and wife to Ida Stratton. The purchaser will be required to execute bond with approved security immediately after sale, and a lien will be retained as further security.

This August 13th, 1917.

OTTO C. MARTIN, Master Commissioner.

J. M. Porter, Attorney. 713

MASTER COMMISSIONER'S SALE.

Ohio Circuit Court. J. E. Armstrong, et al., Plaintiff. vs. Notice of Sale.

B. L. Gossett, et al., Defendant. By virtue of a judgment and order of sale rendered at the March term, 1917, of the Ohio Circuit Court, in the above action for the purpose of paying the judgment therein and dividing the proceeds among the heirs of B. W. Gossett, deceased, together with the costs of the above styled action and the cost of this sale, I will offer for sale at public auction to the highest and best bidder, at the



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No matter how stubborn the case may be Petro-Menta will bring relief. A trial will convince you. For sale by Ohio County Drug Co. Price 25c.

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CARDUI

The Woman's Tonic

Sold Everywhere

court house door in Hartford, Ky., on Monday, September 3, 1917, at about the hour of one o'clock p. m., on a credit of six and twelve months, the following described real estate, lying and being in Ohio County, Ky., as follows, to-wit:

Two tracts of land bounded as follows:

No. 1—Beginning at a stone, Wright's S. W. corner on the old Barbour line, now J. W. Stevens line; thence with the same S. 10, 73 poles and 15 links to a stone; thence with Troutman N. 80 E. 112 poles to 4 hickories on the old May line; thence with said line N. W. 73 poles and 15 links to a stone on Cummins' line; thence S. 80 W. 115 poles and 10 links to the beginning, containing about 50 acres, more or less, and same land conveyed to decedent by Wm. K. Wright and wife on the 17th day of February, 1874, and which deed is of record in deed book 48, page 167.

No. 2—Embraces two boundaries, as follows:

Boundary No. 1—Beginning at two poplars on the bank of Rough Creek; thence down same to the cut off; thence N. with the old bed to Jacob Weller's line; thence with his line to a line claimed by Wash Gossett; thence eastward to W. H. Cummins' line; thence with his line southward to the beginning.

Boundary No. 2—Beginning at the old Troutman line; thence with said line to the first tract conveyed herein; thence with same to the beginning, containing 115 acres, more or less, and which land was conveyed to him by the Master Commissioner of the Ohio Circuit Court, John P. Barrett, on June 14, 1890.

The purchaser will be required to execute bond immediately after sale, and a lien retained on the land as additional security.

Given under my hand this the 13th, day of August, 1917.

OTTO C. MARTIN, Master Commissioner. Heavrin & Kirk, Ernest Woodward, Attorneys. 713

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For Lazy Liver and the Troubles of Constipation.

Feel right all the time. Don't lay off from work for days by taking calomel when pleasant Liv-Ver-Lax keeps you on your feet, while relieving your trouble. Safer too, and easy to take. Don't take anything else. You can't afford it. Eliminates poisons, cleanses system and relieves constipation. A natural remedy, natural in its actions, sure in its effect and certain in results. It won't be long before Liv-Ver-Lax will completely displace calomel in every home. Children can take it freely and with perfect safety. Every bottle guaranteed. 50c and \$1 in bottles. None genuine without the likeness and signature of L. K. Grigsby. For sale by

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Will help parents develop their sons into the best type of citizens and Christian gentlemen. Its patronage is widely scattered and comes from the best homes in the South. Its capacity is limited, therefore, reservations should be made early. Place your son in this select group of boys. Write

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A PEN PICTURE OF HATTIESBURG, MISS.,

CAMP SHELBY SOON TO BE THE
HOME OF IND., W. VA., AND
KY. GUARDSMEN.

(By Edward S. Williams.)

Hattiesburg, Miss., Aug. 16 (Special)—It is a classy little town, Hattiesburg, Mississippi, where I have been for several days "sizing things up," with the idea in view of writing my impressions and the result of my observations, knowing that thousands and thousands of people in Indiana, Kentucky and West Virginia are anxious to hear all about conditions hereabouts. Letters by the dozens come to the Hattiesburg Commercial Club every day from people in the three states mentioned, and all want information. Out at Camp Shelby, where huge piles of yellow pine lumber stretch out for miles and miles, early arriving officers of the Guardsmen of Indiana and Kentucky tell me that they receive letters by every mail requesting this or that bit of information. They state there is a dearth of information in their states about this section of Mississippi, so this yarn is going to be in the nature of a newsy letter, giving accurate accounts of conditions as I find them both at camp and in the city, of the attitude of the people, of work being done to look after the moral welfare of the soldiers, of plans for social and recreation activities after the boys in khaki arrive, of the campaigns being waged from sanitary and health headquarters, and many other features, just those common, every-day things that folks "back home" want to know all about before their sons leave for Dixieland.

Parents, Listen. Your sons are coming to one of the cleanest and prettiest little cities in all the broad Southland. Don't take my statement alone as gospel, but write your sons after they get here, and see if they don't bear me out. Hattiesburg has a population of about 15,000 people, and it is 30 years old. It is only 70 miles from the Mississippi coast, where bathing, boating, fishing and sailing can be enjoyed during all of the months of the year. The historic city of New Orleans, La., is only 117 miles away. Six railroads enter Hattiesburg, and quick transportation to and from the city is a feature that struck me as being very unusual for a town of this size. The town is situated in South Mississippi, amid the "piney woods," great pine forests that today are furnishing such enormous quantities of lumber for the erection of cantonments and the building of ships to take our boys across the deep blue sea to whip the Kaiser, and transport food to sustain them. The great produce farms of this section, large and well cultivated lands, now growing corn, sweet potatoes, garden truck and fruits, where once the giant pines flourished, will furnish much of the world's food supply during the period of the war. The soil of the cut-over pine lands lends itself admirably to the growing of crops that bring good returns in a financial way, especially where fertilizers are used intelligently, and thrifty farmers oversee all features of farm work, which can be done all the year around, and cattle can be raised with comparatively little expense, owing to the climate, which never gets severe, I am told by reliable men.

A Moral Community.

I find here a moral community. A handsome Y. M. C. A. building, fully equipped, attests this fact. There are about a dozen churches, two large colleges, half a dozen public grammar schools, a central high school and many private institutions. I am told that some of the best educators in the South are members of faculties of Hattiesburg's schools and colleges.

Just to show you the moral attitude of the people, today I witnessed an unusual scene. I saw more than a dozen "Modern Magdalenes" leave town. This came about as a result of the determination of the citizens and city officials not to tolerate any immoral resort, and the mothers and fathers "back home" can rest assured that there will be no "tenderloin" district here when their sons arrive. Darkened are the lights of what was once a small vice section. The doors and windows of the houses are closed, and "for keeps," too, the officers tell me. It was only a few days ago that a committee met with the city authorities and talked over the moral tone of the community. It was decided that even the few women of the underworld here must go. They have gone. They were told if they returned they would be "shadowed" by secret service men, and the warning has gone forth that women of their type must steer clear of this town.

"A Boozelless Town."

Mississippi is in the column of the "bone dry" states, and I have yet to find what they term down here a "blind tiger," a person who sells whiskey or beer on the sly. If one is caught they tell me they give him a

very heavy fine or send him to the penitentiary. I am sure the mothers and fathers of the soldiers need have no fear of their boys getting anywhere near a place where informants can be obtained, and that ought to be a great comfort to them.

The water here comes from artesian wells, and is good. I have looked into the health statistics and find there is less malaria here and in this section than any part of the State, and United States medical corps men and state health men are now putting on a strenuous campaign to stop every mosquito-breeding place. Among the group of experts to eradicate every mosquito-breeding place within a mile of the city are J. A. Le Prince, sanitary engineer, U. S. Public Health Service; Dr. J. A. Watkins, surgeon, U. S. Public Health Service, and Dr. W. S. Leathers, director of public health of Mississippi. Mr. Le Prince is the man who eliminated malaria in the Panama Canal Zone and helped to "clean up" Havana, Cuba. He told a committee of doctors that Mississippi had no more malaria than many, many other states, but said, "You tell the truth about it, and that is a long step towards getting rid of it." He has been given carte blanche to go ahead and make sanitary conditions as perfect as possible. So, from a sanitary and health standpoint, fathers and mothers of sons coming to Camp Shelby have very little to fear.

Take Boys Into Homes.

The Hattiesburg people have divided themselves into committees to look after various phases of community life in co-operation with army men. For instance, there is a committee to arrange social events in Hattiesburg homes, churches and auditoriums, to which groups of soldiers will be invited. "We are going to take the boys right into our homes and treat them like we would like our own sons to be treated if they went to Kentucky, Indiana or West Virginia," a citizen said to me yesterday. And that spirit seems to prevail all over town.

Camp Shelby.

Camp Shelby is an awfully busy place. If anyone had told me three weeks ago that within that short space of time the great ridge, 325 feet above the sea, could have been converted from a long, five-mile stretch of cut-over pine lands, to a bustling city where 40,000 men were to live, I would not have believed it. But it's true. Thousands of workmen, laborers, carpenters, engineers, skilled mechanics all are working in perfect harmony and unity in building the immense cantonment. More than 3,000,000 feet of lumber will be used in constructing the miles and miles of company mess halls, the monster warehouses, the screened kitchens and various and sundry other buildings. The water supply will be adequate, and water is being secured from deep wells. Experts have examined it and pronounced it pure. There will be ample shower baths for the men, Y. M. C. A. tents all over the camp, concert halls, band stands, motion picture theaters, baseball diamonds, football gridirons, tennis courts, etc. The camp is about six miles from town and connected by two railroads.

The site is on rolling land, which, because of the sandy nature of the soil, drains so quickly that maneuvers can continue in a few minutes after the hardest of rains. Maj. W. J. Howard, of Massachusetts, in charge of camp construction, says that the site is ideal, and unsurpassed in the South. He is highly pleased with it, says he has not seen a mosquito at camp and that he sleeps under a blanket every night. His words are echoed by several officers already here from Indiana and Kentucky, including Capt. Myers, of Muncie, Ind.; Capt. Boatman, of Indianapolis; Maj. Jackson Morris, of Kentucky, and Capt. Steel, of Evansville, Ind.

Maj. Morris said, in talking to me today, "The impressions prevailing up North that this section is full of swamps, chills and mosquitoes are all wrong. I am highly pleased with everything, and am sure our Kentucky soldiers to come here soon, will be, too."

TAXPAYERS NOTICE.

Tax bills for State and County Levy for the year 1917 have been certified to me for collection, by the proper authorities. Please call and get your receipt at the first opportunity. The earlier you settle the better it will be for all concerned. The State and County are in urgent need of finances to stop interest payments. Yours very truly,

S. O. KEOWN,

Sheriff of Ohio County.

Ain't It?

Though wives must stand for lots of jokes
(In comic weeklies they are read).
The biggest jokes they stand for are
The ones that they have wed.

**Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA**

EXEMPTION BOARD HAS BUSY SESSION

CLAIMS FOR EXEMPTIONS ARE
HEAVY, FAILURES TO
PASS, LOW.

From the best list we were able to obtain to date, 298 presented themselves for examination under the Draft Act, of this number 61 failed on medical examination. One hundred and seven filed claims for exemptions, and the remainder had no claims or at least up to press hour had filed none with the local board. Following is a list of those examined to date who claimed exemptions on various grounds:

Ellis L. Toms,
Cecil Rhoads,
Henry Cummins Elliott,
Jno. J. Alexander,
Geo. Alfred Daugherty,
Ailie Frances Fentress,
Lennis J. Brown,
Charlie A. Hoover,
Shelby Willie Lee,
Owen Renfrow,
Lee Stevens,
Grayson Frederick Lashbrook,
Ed Robinson,
Elbert Hill,
Robert Clayton Burgess,
J. W. Chapman,
Cody Lee Stewart,
Eldridge Gerry Hagerman,
W. A. Whobrey,
Bert E. Bernard,
Thomas Hill,
Wiley T. Daugherty,
Chas. C. Watts,
Forest French,
Vernon Miller Crowder,
John Alexander Wilson,
Luther W. Galley,
Everett N. Dodson,
Roscoe Embury,
Millard H. Carnahan,
Francis E. McIntyre,
Chester Stewart,
Otha Pagne,
Herman A. Ashby,
Hiley Kesinger,
Ray Stevens,
Jesse T. Torrence,
Reatus Evans,
James Lyman Burch, (col.)
John Ditzer,
James Lewis Torrence,
John W. Allen,
Otha Chapman,
Alphonis Wedding,
Chas. Leslie Fielden,
Dudley Griffin,
M. Birch Albin,
Gilbert Wright,
Morton Herrel,
Nethen Tuncle, (col.)
Mack Austin,
Harrison Cook,
Collis L. Shultz,
Hubert Cooper,
Hardin L. Robinson,
Oder Griffith,
Harben Likens,
Oscar L. Daniel,
Arthur B. Shields,
James A. Gentry,
Claude Kitchens,
Clarence Ford,
Leslie Russell,
Andrew Basham,
Luther Forbes,
Alonzo F. Bellamy,
Claude Gray,
Ira Matlock,
Joshua Patton,
Edward M. Smith,
Lee Roy King,
Harrison Maiden,
Ezra K. Rowe,
Walter Chapman,
James Hamilton,
Harrison Cox,
Robert Owen Tilford,
Otis Keown,
Murray Coppage,
Ellis Coy,
Alva Faught,
Jas. Robert Thomas,
Ernest Elder,
Heavrin Douglas,
Douglas Taylor,
Kennie B. Westerfield,
Grover M. Brown,
Netter T. Zigler,
Gollar Stewart,
Stanley Cain,
J. L. Thomas,
Louis E. Craddock,
Nelson Blanchard,
George B. Shepperd,
Henry Robinson,
Robt. J. Schroeder,
Lorenzo C. Acton,
Tommie Byers,
R. D. Park,
Jno. W. Lindley,
Shelby Daugherty,
Charlie McKinley,
Ernest Bartlett,
Argyle Leach,
Noble Taylor,
William Rogers,
The following claim no exemptions:
Foy E. Hinton,
Shelby M. Southard,
Pirtle Arnold,
Albert Bernice Rowe,
Manon Coleman Shreve,
William McHenry, (col.)
Ira Hazelip,
Earl Felix Miller,
Wm. Cortis King

Sidney B. Johnson, (col.)
Thos. F. Smith,
Ellis Hinds,
Harlan B. Matthews,
Jesse Harris,
Cecil Draper,
Ernest Price,
Willis Blain Hicks,
Henry Casey,
Manchester Griffin, (col.)
Geo. Wm. McMahan,
Claude Duke,
Preston Watson,
Paul B. Barnes,
Walter D. Maddox,
Leonard Anderson,
Buck Austin,
Mack Hall

The following failed to pass the physical examination:

Geo. Williams,
Frances Marion Petty,
Arthur Allen,
Chas. Wilson Williams,
George W. Bellamy,
Edward Free,
Devert D. Moseley,
Emis Townsley,
Lloyd Cavender,
Carl H. Wilson,
Henry Tyler,
Geo. W. Thomas,
John Hodby,
Claddie J. Daugherty,
Mallie Midkiff,
Rigdon Torrence,
Frank Everly,
Herbert Ewell Wright,
Willie B. Southard,
Clarence Stite,
John Haynes,
Ernest Patton,
Homer Alvin,
Henry Stevens,
Leda Keith,
Wyle Plummer,
Jesse Allen Lee,
Conn Midkiff,
James M. Boone,
Arval McCarty,
James T. Southard,
Onice Whitehouse,
Joe St. Clair,
Everett Thomas,
Forrest Hardin,
W. C. Shultz,
Willie Minton,
Dewey Allen,
R. C. Hoeker,
Roy Taylor Dunn,
Albert Taylor,
William Kirtley,
Ben McIntire,
Rethel Oglesby,
Earl B. Chick,
Lodfred B. Payton,
Ellis Johnson,
Estill Spencer,
Leslie Eucker,
Leslie Shields,
Willie Minton,
Ethel Malden,
Marvin Warner,
Russell Jones,
Clarence Gary,
Wm. C. Faught,
B. J. Likens,
Robt. Hudson,
Arvin Hall,
Jess Lee Huff,
Leonard B. Bishop,
W. B. McCarty,
C. H. Farmer,
McDowell Fogle,
J. I. Thomas,
Herbert Chick,
Henry White,
David A. Gray,
Thomas C. Snell,
Albert Norris,
Abe Carter

The following have not yet filed claim:

Walter A. Williams,
Layton Ross,
Rev. P. McConnell

The Scale On a Map.

Distance on a map is measured by its "scale." By laying a rule on a Government map and ascertaining the number of inches between two points the number of miles between them can readily be calculated. Nearly all maps are drawn to a scale representing one, two, three, or more miles to the inch, as the inch is the common unit of measurement in the United States by which the eye is accustomed to judge distances on paper.

A scale of 1: 62,500, used in the well-known United States Geological Survey topographic maps, denotes that 1 inch on the map represents 62,500 inches on the ground, which is the approximate number of inches in a mile. Therefore the scale is, almost exactly, 1 inch to 1 mile. A scale of 1: 125,000 is approximately 2 miles to 1 inch and a scale of 1: 1,000,000 represents 16 miles to 1 inch.

To Stop Winking.

Pa—At last I've found a way to make that young scamp of ours stop winking his eyes.

Ma—Really?

Pa—Yes: I'll show him the article in this science magazine where it says that every time we wink we give the eye a bath.—Buffalo Express.

New Clew.

A schoolboy composition on Patrick Henry contained the following gem: "Patrick was not a very bright boy. He had blue eyes and light hair. He got married and then said: 'Give me liberty or give me death.'"

CHICAGO WHEAT PIT IN SILENCE

GREAT CONTRAST TO FORMER
STIRING SCENES EX-
ACTED.

Chicago, Aug. 13.—The Federal government having determined to take over the wheat crop and distribute it, those who went to the visitor's gallery of the Board of Trade today turned instinctive eyes to the wheat pit.

Here, where a tumultuous mob normally is vociferously responsive to scraps of information concerning exports from Argentine or even the appearance of a rain cloud over some dry area in Kansas, there was only silence.

Two or three idle traders were seated in chairs near the pit. No one was in it. The clerk ordinarily, who sits enthroned in a cage above the pit recording quotations, rested his chin on one hand. At the opening he chalked up "2.14" as the sole bid for September wheat, and resumed his reflections. There was no longer a string of messenger boys scurrying between his cage and the telegraph wires. One boy is retained, but at the moment he was down in the street listening to a brass band. The whole scene suggested dust and cobwebs.

Months ago the board adopted maximum prices and other restrictions which practically eliminated speculative trading. News became impotent to affect prices. They were so regulated that even the big news that the wheat farmer would have but one customer failed to reanimate the trade.

Grain men expect to co-operate with Mr. Hoover in the big task of marketing the crop. James A. Patton, one of the big men of the board, said the measure seemed necessary. "There isn't wheat enough to go around," said he. "The government's measure will prevent conflicting interests from bidding the price skyward to get what there is. While the board fixed maximum prices for futures, it did not touch the spot commodity. Actual wheat, for immediate delivery, is selling here at from \$2.40 to \$2.60 a bushel, and even higher in Kansas City."

Hated To See It.

Little Dick—What are you cutting out of that paper?

Little Johnny—Something I don't want mamma to see.

"What is it?"

"It's an article that says wooden slippers from Holland are coming into fashion."

"We Are Here to Stay."

The dying editor sent for the tombstone man that he might pick out his own monument, and when the choice was made the tombstone artist turned to the dying scribe and asked: "What inscription do you desire placed upon the stone, Mr. Newsby?"

"We are here to stay," answered the editor just as the silent reaper hung "30" on the copy hook.

Economy In Science.

The increased extent to which the large industrial corporations of the country now support their own departments of scientific research is a gratifying development of the times. Science is regarded as a necessity rather than a luxury. And this com-

ing of science into its own as a large factor in the industrial life of the Nation is necessarily followed by a certain reaction of business upon science. Never before, perhaps, has the demand been so keen for research that is no less than ever scientific in spirit and in method but that has a definite purpose and yields definite results. The idea of making science useful is not new, but the utility of science has become more universally the test of its value.

In the scientific work done under the Federal Government this demand for results is abundantly justified by the public need. If the strongest corporations are making large use of chemists, physicists, and geologists, the general public has similar need in its service for applied science.

The business policy of organizing scientific investigation for effective work, however, is far from novel, for in 1878, in the report to Congress advocating the creation of the United States Geological Survey, the National Academy of Sciences described the ideal plan for a scientific bureau as that which would yield the "best results at the least possible cost." Since that day, moreover, economy in science has become a more pressing issue. (37th Ann. Report, Director U. S. Geological Survey, Department of the Interior.)

Fish Stories.

I do not mind the scoffers and the doubters when they say
That I have stretched the truth about
the fish that got away.

For no one can be certain or be sure
enough to bet

On the size, in feet and inches, of the
bass he didn't get.

But it sets my blood boiling and hot
words with him I've handled

Who dared to doubt my stories of the
whoppers I have landed.

I do not mind the jerring and the
chuckling that I get
When I'm telling of the big ones that
escaped my landing net.

I can stand for doubtful glances and
for laughter loud and gay

When I tell of fifteen pounders that
were hooked but got away.

But I do not like the mocking that
to me is often handed

When I'm telling truthful stories of
the big ones that I've landed.

You can't eat your fish and have them
that is logic sound and true;

If you serve your fish for dinner you
can't bring them home with you.

And when seventeen hungry mortals
of your catch a dinner make,

Little proof of all your prowess will
be left for you to take.

So I see no cause for grinning or for
unkind speech or thought

When I'm telling truthful stories of
the big one that I've caught.

I have hooked my share of big ones,
in my time I've landed fish
That I split across the middle just to
get them on the dish.

I have measured them and weighed
them and my stories are exact

And the size that I attest to is not
fancy, but a fact.

And it makes my disposition one that
kindness can not sweeten

When men doubt my truthful stories
of the fish I've caught and eaten.

DR. J. H. THORPE

EYE, EAR, THROAT, NOSE

And Fitting of Glasses

Masonic Temple OWENSBORO, KY.

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